THIRD YEAR ELECTRONICS AND COMPUTER ENGINEERING PROGRAM PROPOSED SYLLABUS

Name of the Programme:Electronics and Computer EngineeringCourse Code:ECOMP510Title of the Course:Microcontrollers and InterfacingNumber of Credits:03(L) + 01(T)Effective from AV:2022-24

Effective from AY: 2023-24

Pre-	Basic Computer A	Architecture	
requisites			
for the			
Course:			
Course	The subject aims t	to provide the student with:	
Objectives:	1. An understa	nding the basic architecture and operation of 8051	
	microcontro	ller.	
	2. Knowledge	about assembly language programs of 8051 microcontr	oller.
	3. An understa	nding the importance of different peripheral devices &	their
	interfacing t	o 8051 microcontroller.	
	4. An ability to	design real world applications using microcontroller.	
Course	Upon completion	of the course, students will be able to	
Outcomes:	ECOMP510.1	Explain the architecture of 8051 microcontroller.	
	ECOMP510.2	Analyze the instruction set of 8051 microcontroller.	
	ECOMP510.3	Interface the hardware with 8051 microcontroller	
		for given applications.	
	ECOMP510.4	Create assembly level programs using 8051	
		microcontroller.	
Content:		UNIT- 1	
	Microcontrollers-	Comparison between microcontroller and	12L+
	microprocessor, c	riteria for choosing microcontroller, 8051	3THr
	Architecture – 80	51 microcontroller hardware, Input Output pins,	s.
	ports and circuits,	External memory, Counters and Timers, Serial data	
	input/output, Inte	errupts.	
		UNIT-2	
	Assembly Langu	age Programming – 8051 data types and directives,	11L+
	Instructions for	moving data, arithmetic operations, logical	4T
	operations, rota	te instructions, Jump and Call instructions, I/O Port	Hrs.
	Programming, in	structions used to access memory.	
	0		
		UNIT -3	
	8051 Microcont	UNIT -3 roller Design – Reset and clock circuits, Crystal	11L+
	8051 Microcont test, ROM test,	UNIT -3 roller Design – Reset and clock circuits, Crystal RAM test, Software time delay programming,	11L+ 4THr
	8051 Microcont test, ROM test, Timer Progra	UNIT -3 roller Design – Reset and clock circuits, Crystal RAM test, Software time delay programming, mming, Counter Programming, Serial	11L+ 4THr s.
	8051 Microcont test, ROM test, Timer Progra Communication	UNIT -3 roller Design – Reset and clock circuits, Crystal RAM test, Software time delay programming, mming, Counter Programming, Serial Programming, Interrupt programming,	11L+ 4THr s.
	8051 Microcont test, ROM test, Timer Progra Communication Programming us	UNIT -3 roller Design – Reset and clock circuits, Crystal RAM test, Software time delay programming, mming, Counter Programming, Serial Programming, Interrupt programming, ing Look Up Tables.	11L+ 4THr s.

	UNIT -4		
	Interfacing- LED and switch interfacing, Seven segment LED		
	interfacing, LCD interfacing, Matrix Keyboard Interfacing, pulse	4THr	
	width measurement, ADC (0808) and DAC (0808) interfacing,	s.	
	DC, Stepper and Servo motor Interfacing.		
Pedagogy:	Learner centric teaching		
References/	Text Books:		
Readings:	1. Kenneth Ayala, 8051 Microcontroller, 3rd Edition, Cengage Learnin	g.	
	2. Manish K. Patel, The 8051 Microcontroller Based Embedded Systems,		
	McGraw Hill Education (India) Pte. Limited, 2014		
	Reference book		
	1. Muhammad Ali Mazidi, Janice Gillispie Mazidi, Rolin D McKinlay, Th	ne	
	8051 Microcontroller And Embedded Systems Using Assembly And	C, 2 nd	
	Edition, Pearson		

TERM WORK

Students can be evaluated based on assignments/ class tests/ seminars/ quizzes/ viva etc.

Name of the Programme:Electronics and Computer EngineeringCourse Code:ECOMP520Title of the Course:Operating SystemNumber of Credits:03(L)+01(T)Effective from AY:2023-24

Pre-**Basic Computer Architecture** requisites for the **Course:** Course The subject aims to provide the student with: **Objectives:** 1. An ability to describe control structures and techniques used in a typical operating system for process management. 2. The knowledge of approaches to deal with deadlocks and mechanisms to ensure the orderly execution of processes to maintain data consistency. 3. An ability to describe ways to manage memory, and implement virtual memory. 4. A general understanding of file management aspects of an operating system and various disk scheduling policies. Course Upon completion of the course, students will be able to Outcomes: ECOMP 520.1 Summarize the objectives of an Operating System, understand the process cycle and analyze the various CPU Scheduling algorithms. ECOMP 520.2 Understand the classic problems of Process Synchronization and Resource Allocation in case of Deadlocks. ECOMP 520.3 Identify and compare various memory management. ECOMP 520.4 Apply various disk scheduling algorithms and understand file management systems. Content: UNIT-1 Introduction to Operating System:OS objectives and functions, 12L+ 4THr Evolution of operating systems **Process description & control**: Process, process states: creation & s. termination of processes, two & five model process model, process description: OS control structures, process control structures, process attributes, process control: modes of execution, creation of process, process switching, context switching, Threads: processes and threads, types of threads. Process Scheduling: Basic concepts: CPU – I/O Burst Cycle, CPU Scheduler, Preemptive Scheduling, Dispatcher, Scheduling criteria, Scheduling Algorithms: FCFS, SJF, Priority, RR. UNIT-2 Process Synchronization: Background, The Critical - Section 11L+ Problem, Peterson's solution, Mutex locks, Semaphores, classic 3THr

	problems of Synchronization: The Bounded Buffer Problem, the	s.
	Readers-Writers Problem, The Dining- Philosophers Problem.	
	Deadlocks: System model, deadlock characterization, methods for	
	handling deadlocks, deadlock prevention, deadlock avoidance,	
	deadlock detection, recovery from deadlock.	
	UNIT -3	
	Memory: Memory Hierarchy, Cache Memory.	11L+
	Memory Management: Memory management requirements,	4T
	Memory Partitioning: Fixed Partitioning, Dynamic Partitioning,	Hrs.
	Memory Allocation Strategies: Best-Fit, First Fit, Worst Fit, Paging	
	and Segmentation.	
	Virtual Memory: Background, Demand Paging, Page	
	Replacement: Basic Scheme, FIFO, Optimal, LRU.	
	UNIT -4	
	I/O Management & Disk Scheduling: Organization of I/O	11L+
	function, Disk scheduling: Disk Performance parameter, Disk	4THr
	scheduling policies-FCFS, SSTF, SCAN, CSCAN, LOOK.	s.
	File Management: Files, File Management systems, File	
	organization and access, File directories, File sharing, Record	
	blocking.	
Pedagogy:	Learner centric teaching	
References/	TEXT BOOKS:	
Readings:	1. William Stallings, Operating Systems: Internal & design principles,7	th
	Edition, PHI.	
	2. A. Silberschatz, P. Galvin, G. Gagne, Operating systems Concepts, 9	th
	Edition, John Wiley & Sons Pte. Ltd.	
	3. Andrew S. Tanenbaum, Modern Operating Systems, 2nd Edition, Pe	earson
	education, Prentice Hall	
	REFERENCES:	
	1. D.M. Dhamdhere, Operating Systems: A concept-based approach,T	ataMc
	Graw Hill	
	2. Milan Milenkovic, Operating Systems: Concepts and design, TataM	С
	Graw Hill	

Name of the Programme: Electronics and Computer Engineering

Course Code: ECOMP531Title of the Course: Computer Oriented Numerical TechniquesNumber of Credits: 03(L)Effective from AY: 2023-24

Pre-	Applied Mathematics		
requisites			
for the			
Course:			
Course	The subject aims to provide the student with:		
Objectives:	1. An understanding of sources of errors and problems in con	nputatior	n for
	very large data set.		
	2. An understanding of different numerical methods used for	[·] the solu	tion
	of engineering problems.		
	3. An ability to develop algorithm for the numerical methods		
	4. An ability to implement a particular method for a realistic	engineeri	ng
	problem		
Course	Upon completion of the course, students will be able to		
Outcomes:	ECOMP531.1 Explain sources and types of errors	and	
	approximations and its problems	in	
	computation.		
	ECOMP531.2 Solve non-linear equations, simultaneou	is linear	
	algebraic equations, eigenvalue problem	s. using	
	numerical methods	e) e.e8	
	ECOMP531.3 Apply various numerical methods to		
	norform interpolation numerical		
	differentiation and integration		
	ECOMP531.4 Solve ordinary and partial differential ed	quations	
	using appropriate numerical methods.		
Content:	UNIT- 1		
	Introduction, Approximation and errors of comput	ation:	12Hr
	Introduction, sources of errors, problems in computa	itions,	s.
	safeguards against errors, floating point arithmetic, absolute	error,	
	relative error, percentage error-calculations, Taylor's s	series,	
	Newton's finite differences (forward, backward, central and d	ivided	
	differences) Difference, shift, differential operators.		
	Solutions of Algebraic & Transcendental Equations: Bise	ection	
	method, Newton Raphson method, Regula Falsi method. S	Secant	
	method, fixed point iteration method, Rate of convergence	e and	
	comparisons of these methods.		
	UNIT-2		
	Solution of system of linear algebraic equations: Direct Meth	iods,	11
	Gauss elimination method with pivoting strategies, Gauss Jo	rdan	Hrs.

	method, LU Factorization. Iterative methods (Jacobi, Gauss Seidal	
	method), Eigen value and Eigen vector using Power method	
	Interpolation: Newton's Interpolation (forward, backward),	
	Lagrange's interpolation, Newton's Divided difference interpolation	
	formula, Spline interpolation (cubic spline).	
	UNIT -3	
	Numerical Differentiation and Integration: Numerical	11
	differentiation formulae, Numerical Integration, Newton-Cote	Hrs.
	general Quadrature formula, Trapezoidal, Simpson's 1/3, 3/8	
	rule, Romberg's method.	
	Numerical Solution of ordinary differential equations: Picard's	
	method, Taylor series method, Euler's and modified Euler's	
	method, Runge Kutta methods for 1 st and 2 nd order ordinary	
	differential equations.	
	UNIT -4	
	Numerical solution of partial differential equation:	11
	Classification of partial differential equation (Elliptic, parabolic	Hrs
	and Hyperbolic), Solution of Laplace equation (standard five	
	point formula with iterative method), Solution of Poisson	
	equation (finite difference approximation), Solution of Elliptic	
	equation by Relaxation method.	
Pedagogy:		
References/	TEXT BOOKS:	
Readings:	1. E. Balaguruswamy, Numerical Methods, 1st Edition, 1MH, 2012	
	2. Dr. B. S. Grewal, Numerical methods in Engineering & Science, 9th Edition, Khanna Publication, 2012	
	2 Dr. Sudhir K. Pundir, Numerical Methods in Science and Engineerin	σ 1ct
	Edition CBS Publishers & Distributors Put 1td 2017	g, 13t
	REFERENCES:	
	1. Rajaraman. Computer Oriented Numerical methods. 3rd Edition .	PHI.
	2011	,
	2. S. S. Sastry, Introduction methods of numerical analysis, 4th Editio	n, PHI,
	2011	

Name of the Programme:Electronics and Computer EngineeringCourse Code:ECOMP532Title of the Course:Number of Credits:03(L)Effective from AY:2023-24

Pre-	Object Oriented Pr	ogramming using Java, Database Management systen	n
requisites			
for the			
Course:			
Course	The subject aims to	provide the student with:	
Objectives:	1. An understan	ding of the current issues and practices in software	
	engineering v	ith an emphasis on the software development proces	SS.
	2. An ability to u	nderstand the software planning and management.	
	3. Ability to plar	software requirements specifications, system model	ling,
	quality speci	ding of software design approaches	
	4. An understan	ding of the requirements of software project manage	mont
	6 An ability to r	ecognize social ethical cultural and safety issues in	ment.
	software dep	oyment.	
Course	Upon completion o	f the course, students will be able to	
Outcomes:	ECOMP 532.1	Plan a design of software system as per the	
		specification.	
	ECOMP 532.2	Implement a software system with readable, reus	able,
		modular and object oriented techniques.	
	ECOMP 532.3	Design a test procedure for validity, correctness	and
		completeness.	
	ECOMP 532.4	Implement a software maintenance schedule.	
Content:		UNIT- 1	
	Scope of softwa	are engineering: Historical Aspects, Economic	12Hr
	Aspects, Maintena	ance Aspects, Requirements, Analysis and Design	s.
	Aspects, Team De	velopment Aspects.	
	Software Life-Cy	cle Models: Code-and-Fix Life-Cycle Model,	
	Waterfall Life- Cy	cle Model, Rapid-Prototyping Life-Cycle Model,	
	Open Source Life	-Cycle Model, Agile Processes, Synchronize-and-	
	Stabilize Life-Cycle	Model, Spiral Life- Cycle Model.	
	Software Proces	: The Requirements Workflow, The Analysis	
	Workflow, The Des	gn Workflow, The Implementation Workflow, The	
	Test Workflow, Po	ost-delivery Maintenance, Retirement Capability	
	Maturity Models.		
		UNIT-2	
	The Tools of the T	rade: CASE, Taxonomy of CASE, Scope of CASE,	11
	Software Versions	, Configuration Control.	Hrs.
	From Modules	to Objects: Cohesion, Coupling, Data	

	Encapsulation. More on UML: Class Diagrams, Use-Case Diagrams, Interaction		
	Diagrams, State Charts, Activity Diagrams.		
	UNIT -3		
	Testing : Quality Issues, Non-Execution-Based Testing, Execution- Based Testing, Testing versus Correctness Proof and stopping criteria. Planning and Estimating: Planning and the Software Process, Estimating Duration and Cost. Requirements: Determining what the Client Needs, Overview of the Requirements Workflow, Understanding the domain, The Business Model, Initial Requirements, Metrics and Challenges for Requirement Workflow.	11Hr s.	
	UNIT -4		
	Design and Abstraction : Operation Oriented Design, Data Flow Analysis,	11 Hrs	
	 Data Oriented Design, Object-Oriented Design, Challenges and Metrics for Design . Testing Techniques: Test Case Selection, Black-Box Unit-Testing Techniques, Glass-Box Unit-Testing Techniques, Code Walkthroughs and Inspections, Integration Testing, Product Testing, Acceptance Testing. Post-delivery Maintenance: Development and Maintenance, Management of Post-delivery Maintenance. Reverse Engineering, Testing during Post-delivery Maintenance, Metrics and Challenges for Post-delivery Maintenance. 		
Pedagogy:	Learner centric teaching		
References/ Readings:	 TEXTBOOKS: Stephen R. Schach, Object-Oriented and Classical Software Engineer TMH, 8th Edition. Edward Kit, Software Testing in the Real World: Improving the Proce Addison – Wesley Publishing company, 1995 Pankoj Jalote, Software Project Management in Practice, Addison-V PEA 5. Ian Sommervilee, Software Engineering, 10th Edition Pearson REFERENCES: Roger Pressman, Software Engineering: A Practitioner's Approace Edition,McGraw-Hill, 2010. Ian Sommerville, Software Engineering,9th Edition, Addision-Wesley 	ring; ess, Vesley on. ch, 7th ⊇y,	

Name of the Programme:Electronics and Computer EngineeringCourse Code:ECOMP533Title of the Course:Number of Credits:03(L)Effective from AY:2023-24

Pre-	Ma	athematical backg	round, Proficiency with Algorithms	
requisites		0		
for the				
Course:				
Course	Th	e subject aims to p	provide the student with:	
Objectives:	1	. An Introductio	n to Soft Computing Techniques and its applications	
-	2	. An Understand	ling of Neural Networks and its training methodologic	es
	3	. An Understand	ling of Fuzzy Logic and Fuzzy Inference Systems	
	4	. An Understand	ling of Genetic Algorithms and Evolutionary Algorithr	ns
	5	. An Introductio	n to Deep Learning, Expert Systems and Hybrid Syste	ms
Course	Up	on completion of	the course, students will be able to :	
Outcomes:		ECOMP 533.1	Explain different types of Soft Computing technique	es
			and its applications	
		ECOMP 533.2	Design Neural Networks and understand deep neur	al
			networks and its applications	
		ECOMP 533.3	Design Fuzzy Inference Systems to solve Real-Life	
			Problems	
		FCOMP 533.4	Apply Evolutionary Algorithms to optimization prob	lems
			and explain types of hybrid systems	iemo
Contonti				
content:			UNII-1	
	Int	roduction to S	oft Computing: Soft Computing versus Hard	12
	Со	mputing, Soft-Co	mputing Techniques: Artificial Neural Networks,	Hrs.
	Fuz	zzy Systems, Evolu	itionary Algorithms.	
	T	and of Ducklou	na Classification Eurotional Approximations	
		pes of Probler	ns: Classification, Functional Approximations,	
	Ор	timizations.		
	Ne	ural Networks	Mc-Culloch Pitt's neuron model Activation	
	fur	actions Basic gat	res Neural learning Training algorithms- Hebbian	
	lea	rning rule. Perce	ptron learning rule. Delta learning rule. Widrow-	
	Но	ff learning rule	and related problems. Error back propagation	
	alg	orithm or general	ized delta rule.	
		0- 3.0		
	Set	tting of paramete	r values and design considerations- Initialization of	
	we	ights, Frequency	of weight updates, Choice of learning rate,	
	Mo	omentum, Genera	lizability, Network size, Sample size.	
			UNIT-2	

	Fuzzy Logic: Introduction, Classical Set Theory (Crisp Set): Operations & Properties, Fuzzy Set Theory: Operations & Properties, Membership I Functions and types, Fuzzy v/s Crisp Sets, Classical relations (Cartesian product) and Europe Cardinality. Operations Branettics and				
	product) and Fuzzy relations: Cardinality, Operations, Properties and Composition, Tolerance and Equivalence Relations.				
	Crisp Logic vs Fuzzy logic, Fuzzy logic operations: AND, OR, NOT, Implication, Aggregation and Defuzzification, Lambda-cuts or Alpha- cuts for fuzzy, Types of Defuzzification. Fuzzy Inference Systems and its design, Fuzzy Process, Type-2 fuzzy sets, Sugeno Fuzzy System.				
	UNIT -3				
	Genetic Algorithms: Concept, Solution, Initial Population, Genetic Operators, Fitness Function, Stopping Condition. Fitness Scaling, Selection, Mutation, Crossover, Other Genetic Operators, Algorithm Working, Diversity.	11 Hrs.			
	Other Evolutionary Algorithms: Particle Swarm Optimization, Differential Evolution, Artificial Bee Colony & Cuckoo Search Algorithm, Ant Colony Optimizations, Travelling Salesman Problem.				
	UNIT -4				
	Artificial Intelligence: What is AI? Problem Solving in AI.	11			
	Expert Systems: Architecture, Expert System Design.	Hrs			
	Deep Neural Networks: Introduction & Necessity of deep neural networks (DNN), Auto Encoder DNN, Convolutional neural networks: Convolution operation, Motivation and Pooling.				
	Hybrid Systems: Sequential , Auxiliary and Embedded Hybrid Systems, Types of Hybrid Systems: Neuro-Fuzzy, Neuro-Genetic, Fuzzy Genetic Hybrid Systems- Advantages and Applications				
Pedagogy:	Learner centric teaching				
References/	TEXTBOOKS:				
Readings:	 Anupam Shukla, Ritu Tiwari, Rahul Kala; Real Life Applications of So Computing: 2010 CRC Press 	ft			
	 Rajasekaran, G. A. Vijayalakshmi Pai; Neural Networks, Fuzzy Logic a 	and			
	Genetic Algorithm, PHI Learning Pvt, Ltd June 2013.				
	Edition, WileyIndia.				
	4. J. Zurada; Introduction to Artificial neural network;				
	JaicoPublications2012.				
	1. Kishan Mehrotra, Chilukuri Mohan, Sanjay Ranka; Elements of Artifi	cial			

Neural Network; Penram Publications.
2. Ian Goodfellow, Yoshua Bengio, Aaron Courville, Deep Learning, MIT
Press.
3. Charu C. Aggarwal, Neural Networks and Deep learning, Springer
Publications.
4. Timothy J. Ross; Fuzzy Logic with Engineering Applications, 3 rd Ed.,
Wiley-India

Name of the Programme:Electronics and Computer EngineeringCourse Code:ECOMP534Title of the Course:Design Analysis and AlgorithmsNumber of Credits:03(L)Effective from AY:2023-24

Pre-	Data structure of	concepts, Discrete structures	
requisites		1 /	
for the			
Course:			
Course	The subject aim	s to provide the student with:	
Objectives:	1. An unders	standing to analyze the asymptotic performance of algorit	hms.
-	2. Ability to v	write rigorous correctness proofs for algorithms.	
	3. Ability to c	demonstrate a familiarity with major algorithms and data	
	structures	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	4. An unders	standing to apply important algorithmic design paradigms	and
	methods o	of analysis.	
Course	Upon completio	on of the course, students will be able to	
Outcomes:	ECOMP [Demonstrate how Divide and Conquer algorithm are	
	534.1 U	used to solve various classes of engineering problems	
	6	and compute their time and space complexities.	
	ECOMP A	Apply the different algorithm design techniques like gree	edy
	534.2	approach, dynamic programming for problem solving.	,
	ECOMP [Demonstrate how backtracking and branch and bo	ound
	534.3 a	approaches are used to solve various real-time problems.	
	ECOMP [Describe the different algorithm classes P, NP, and NP-	
	534.4 (Complete, Randomized, Probabilistic and	
	A	Approximation.	
Content:		UNIT- 1	
	Algorithm Analy	vsis & Complexity: Algorithm Definition and	11
	Specification, Pe	erformance analysis (Space complexity. Time	Hrs.
	complexity, Asy	mptotic Notations), Solving Recurrence – Iteration,	_
	recursion tree a	nd master method.	
	Divide and Cor	nquer: General method, Binary Search, Merge sort,	
	Quick sort, Findi	ing Min-Max, Finding kth smallest element, Strassen's	
	matrix multiplica	ation	
		UNIT-2	
	Greedy Metho	d: General Method, Knapsack Problem, Minimum cost	11
	Spanning tree.	Single source shortest path.	Hrs.
	Dynamic Prog	ramming: General Method, Multistage Graphs, All	-
	pair shortest	paths, Single source shortest path with General	
	weights, Optin	mal Binary Search Tree, 0/1 knapsack problem.	
	Travelling sales	sperson problem.	
		UNIT -3	

	Backtracking: General Method, 8-queens problem, Sum of subsets	11Hr
	problem, graph coloring, Hamiltonian Cycles, knapsack problem.	s.
	Branch-and-Bound: General Method, 0/1 knapsack, Travelling	
	salesperson problem.	
	UNIT -4	
	String and Pattern Matching Algorithms :Brute Force, KMP, Boyer	12
	Moore, Tries,	Hrs
	Text compression: Huffman Coding.	•
	Text similarity testing: LCS.	
	NP-Hard and NP-Complete Problems: Basic concepts, NP-Hard	
	Graph Problems: Clique Decision Problem , Randomized,	
	Probabilistic and Approximation Algorithms. Management of	
	Post-delivery Maintenance. Reverse Engineering, Testing during	
	Post-delivery Maintenance, Metrics and Challenges for Post-	
	delivery Maintenance.	
Pedagogy:	Learner centric teaching	
References/	TEXTBOOKS:	
Readings:	1. E.Horowitz, S. Sahini, S. Rajasekaran ; Fundamentals of Computer	
	Algorithms; Galgotia publication,2nd Edition.	
	2. Thomas H Cormen, Charles E Lieserson, Ronald L Rivest Clifford Ste	ein,,
	Introduction to Algorithms, 3 rd Edition, MIT Press/McGraw-Hill.	
	REFERENCES:	
	1. Michael T Goodrich and Roberto Tamassia , Algorithm Design:	
	2. Foundations, Analysis, and Internet Examples, 2nd Edition, Wiley.	
	3. Gilles Brassard, Paul Bratley, Fundamentals of Algorithmics, PHI.	
	4. Jon Kleinberg and ÉvaTardos, Algorithm Design, 1st Edition, Pearso	n.

Name of the Programme:Electronics and Computer EngineeringCourse Code:ECOMP535Title of the Course:Number of Credits:03(L)Effective from AY:2023-24

D			
Pre-	Knowledge of (. Programming and Basic Mathematics	
requisites			
for the			
Course:			
Course	The subject ain	ns to provide the student with:	
Objectives:	1. Introduce	e fundamental concepts and theory of Computer Graphics	•
	2. Knowled	ge about computer graphics hardware and software used.	
	3. Understa	nding of drawing algorithms, polygon filling, clipping and	
	transform	nation both in 2D and 3D graphics.	
	4. Ability to	understand methods used in modeling motion in the real	
	world.		
Course	Upon completi	on of the course, students will be able to	
Outcomes:	ECOMP 5	35.1 Identify and apply various graphic primitives used in	า
		generating computer graphics.	
	ECOMP 53	35.2 Application of 2d and 3d transformation and	
		clipping used in graphical applications.	
	ECOMP 5	35.3 Discuss the basics of curves and surfaces used to	
		represent graphical models	
	ECOMP 5	25.4 Explain techniques involved in visible surface	
		detection color models and computer enimation	
.			
Content:		UNIT-1	
	Introduction 1	o Computer Graphics: characteristics of Computer	12
	Graphics, com	oonents of a computer Graphics System, Classification	Hrs.
	of Computer G	raphics system.	
	Display Device	s: LCD, Plasma Panel, LED and OLED displays.	
	Overview of g	raphics systems: Raster scans systems, Random scan	
	systems.		
	Output Primit	ves: Points and lines, Line drawing algorithms, DDA,	
	Bresenham's li	ne algorithm, Circle generating algorithms, Properties	
	of circles, Mic	point circle algorithm, Ellipse generating algorithm,	
	Properties of E	lipses, Midpoint ellipse algorithm.	
	Filled area pr	imitives: Scan line polygon Fill algorithm, Inside –	
	outside tests,	Scan line fill of curved boundary, Boundary fill	
	algorithm, Floc	d fill algorithm, Fill area functions.	
		UNIT-2	
	Two Dimensio	nal Geometric Transformations: Basic Transformations,	11
	Translation, Ro	tation, Scaling, Composite transformation, Translations,	Hrs.
	Rotations, Scal	ng, Other transformations- Reflection, Shear.	

	Two-Dimensional Viewing : The viewing pipeline, Viewing coordinate reference frame, Window to viewport coordinate	
	transformation, 2-D viewing functions.	
	Clipping operations: Point Clipping, Line clipping, Cohen- Sutherland	
	Line Clipping, Polygon Clipping, Sutherland Hodgeman Polygon	
	clipping, Weiler- Atherton Polygon Clipping, Curve clipping, Text	
	clipping.	
	UNIT -3	
	Three Dimensional Concepts: 3-Dimensional display methods, Parallel projections Perspective projection, Depth cueing, Surface rendering, Exploded and cutaway views.	11Hr s.
	Three-Dimensional Object representations- Polygon surfaces. Polygon	
	tables. Three Dimensional Geometric and Modeling transformations:	
	Translation Rotation, Coordinate Axes, rotations, Scaling, Reflections, Shears Three- Dimensional Viewing	
	Curves and Surfaces: Shape Description Requirements.	
	Parametric Functions, Bezier Methods. B-Spline Methods.	
_	UNIT -4	
	Visible – surface detection algorithms: Back – Face detection. Depth	11
	buffer method, A – Buffer method, Scan – Line method, Depth Sorting	Hrs
	method, BSP- Tree method, Area Sub-division method.	
	Color Models and Color Applications: Properties of light, Standard	
	primaries and the, Chromaticity Diagram, XYZ Color model, CIE	
	Chromaticity Diagram, RGB color model, YIQ Color Model, CMY Color	
	Model, HSV Color Model, HLS Color Model.	
	Computer Animation: Design of animation sequences, General	
	computer animation functions, Raster Animations, Computer	
	animation languages, Motion specification, Direct motion	
	specification, Goal directed systems Kinematics and dynamics.	
Pedagogy:	Learner centric teaching	
References/	TEXTBOOKS:	
Readings:	1. Donald Hearn, M. P. Baker, Computer Graphics, 2nd Edition; Prentic	ce
	Hall of India PVI. Ltd. 1999.	and
	2. William Newman, Robert Sprouil, Principles of Interactive Graphics,	. Z
	1 Fr. Bailye Chopra Computer Graphics (A Practical Approach) S. Cha	and
	publications. Revised Edition.	
	2. N. Krishnamurthy, Introduction to Computer Graphics, Tata McGray	v Hill
	3. Steven Harrington, Computer Graphics, 2nd Edition, Tata McGraw H	Hill.
	4. Foley, Van Dam, Feiner, Hughe, Computer Graphics: Principles and	
	Practice, 2nd Edition, Addison- Wesley Publishing Company, 1997	

Name of the Programme:Electronics and Computer EngineeringCourse Code:ECOMP541Title of the Course:CONTROL SYSTEM ENGINEERINGNumber of Credits:03(L)Effective from AY:2023-24

Pre-	Basic Knowledge of Engineering Mathematics	
requisites		
for the		
Course:		
Course	The course aims to provide the student with:	
Objectives:	1. An understanding of basic control system components, signal flow	
	graphs, and transfer functions.	
	2. An ability to perform time domain analysis and evaluate stability of any	y
	given system model	
	3. An ability to perform frequency domain stability analysis.	
	4. An ability to design compensators and controllers for a given applicatio	วท
Course	Upon completion of the course, students will be able to	
Outcomes:	ECOMP 541.1 Explain the types and applications of control	
	systems and approaches towards their time,	
	frequency, stability analysis and design.	
	ECOMP 5/1.2 Apply mathematical modelling and stability analysis	
	techniques to mechanical and electrical systems	
	teeninques to meenamear and electrical systems.	
	FCOMPEAL 2 Analyza parformance and stability of machanical	
	and electrical systems using time and frequency	
	domain tochniquos	
	domain techniques.	
	FCOMPEALA Derferen state succes and beis and surplein need of	
	ECOMP 541.4 Perform state space analysis and explain need of	
	compensators and controllers.	
Content:	UNIT- 1	
	Introduction to control systems: Types of control systems, Examples 12)
	of Control systems, basic concept of open-loop and closed-loop Hr	ſs.
	control systems; Mathematical models of Control System:	
	Mechanical translational and electrical systems. Conversion of	
	mechanical to analogous electrical systems (force-voltage and force-	
	current analogy); Block diagrams; Signal flow graph	
	UNIT-2	
	Time Response Analysis: Test Signals, Impulse Response. 11	LHr
	Order and Type of System, Transient response of first and s.	
	second order systems; Time Domain Specifications, Type -0, -1	
	and –2 control systems. Steady state error and error constants.	

	Stability: Stability concept, Location of poles on s-plane for stability,	
	Routh- Hurwitz criterion, Root Locus	
	UNIT -3	
	Frequency-domain Analysis: Frequency Domain Specifications, Correlation between time and frequency response, Bode-plots, Polar-plots, Nyquist Stability Criterion and Nyquist-plots	11 Hrs.
	UNIT -4	
	 State space variable Analysis: State-Space formulation, state model of linear system, state diagram, State-space representation for mechanical translational and electrical systems. Concepts of Controllability and Observability(Kalman's Method of Testing) Compensators: Concept and types of compensators; Realization of Lead, Lag and Lead-Lag compensators using electrical networks Controllers: P, I, PI, PD and PID controllers. Response with P, PI, PD and PID Controllers 	11 Hrs
Pedagogy:	Learner centric teaching	
References/ Readings:	 Textbook 1. Nagoor Kani, Control Systems, RBA Publications, 3rd Edition, Chennai 2. J. Nagrath and M. Gopal, Control Systems Engineering, 7th Edition The New Age International. Reference Books 1. K. Ogata, Modern Control Engineering, 5th Edition, Pearson, 2015. 2. Anand Kumar, Control Systems, 2nd Edition, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd. 3. K. Jairath, Problems and Solutions of Control Systems with Essential Theory, 5th Edition, CBS Publishers and Distributors 4. U. A. Bakshi, V. U. Bakshi, Control Systems, Technical Publications 5. Salivahanan S., et al, Control Systems Engineering, Pearson Education 	

Name of the Programme:Electronics and Computer EngineeringCourse Code:ECOMP542Title of the Course:POWER ELECTRONICSNumber of Credits:03(L)Effective from AY:2023-24

Pre-	Basic Electronic Devices
requisites	
for the	
Course:	
Course	The course aims to provide the student with:
Obiectives:	1. An Introduction to various power semiconductor devices, their
	characteristics and operation.
	2. An understanding of Thyristor protection. Thyristor firing circuits and
	Thyristor commutation techniques.
	3. Ability to analyse and explain AC-DC converters. DC-DC converters and
	their operation.
	4. An understanding of inverter types. AC voltage controllers and
	cycloconverters
Course	Upon completion of the course, students will be able to
Outcomes:	ECOMP 542.1 Explain the construction and characteristics of
	power semiconductor devices.
	ECOMP 542.2 Explain the thyristor turn on methods, thyristor
	protection and application of power electronics,
	different thyristor firing circuits, commutation
	circuits and connection of SCR.
	ECOMP 542.3 Explain and analyse thyristor firing circuits.
	commutation circuits and connections of SCR.
	ECOMP 542.4 Analyse and explain the AC-DC converters DC-DC
	converters inverters. ACveltage controllers and
	converters, inverters, AC voltage controllers and
	Cycloconverters.
Content:	UNIT- 1
	Power Semiconductor Devices : Construction and characteristics of 12
	Power diodes, Power Transistors, Power MOSFET, Insulated Gate Hrs.
	Bipolar transistors (IGBTs).
	Introduction to Thyristor family: Structure, Symbol, V.I.
	Characteristics of SCR. Two Transistor analogy, Thyristor Turn-on
	methods, switching characteristics of Thyristor during Turn on &
	Turn OFF, Thyristor Gate characteristics. Mounting of Thyristor.
	Series and parallel operation of Thyristor and equalisation
	circuits. String efficiency problems on series, parallel operation of

	Thyristors.	
	Other members of Thyristor Family: DIAC, TRIAC, & GTO: structure,	
	characteristics, applications. Operation and characteristics of UJT.	
	UNIT-2	
	Thyristor trigger circuits: R and RC firing circuits (half wave and full	11Hr
	wave), Ramp triggering, Ramp and pedestal trigging.	s.
	Thyristor commutations: Class A, B, C, D, E and F.	
	Thyristor protection: over voltage protection, suppression of over	
	voltages, over current protection, di/dt protection, dv/dt protection,	
	crowbar protection, gate protection, snubber circuits.	
	AC to DC converters: Principle of phase control, single phase half-	
	wave Thyristor rectifier with R Load, RL load and RLE load. Effect of	
	Free- wheeling diode. Single phase full-wave mid-point & bridge	
	Thyristor converters.	
	UNIT -3	
	DC to DC converters (choppers): principle of operation, Step down,	11
	Step up chopper, Control Schemes: Constant frequency scheme,	Hrs.
	variable frequency scheme, current limit control. Operation of	
	Class A, B, C, D, & E choppers. Problems on basic choppers.	
	Flyback converters (switching regulator): Principle of operation of	
	Step-down (Buck), Step-up (Boost), Step up/down (Buck- Boost),	
	Switch mode regulator.	
	AC Voltage Controllers: Types, Single Phase Voltage controllers	
	with R and RL Load	
	UNIT -4	
	Inverters: Classification, Basic and modified parallel inverter, Basic	11
	and modified series inverter. Single phase voltage source inverters:	Hrs
	half bridge & full bridge (mathematical analysis).	
	Cycloconverters: Principle of cycloconverter operation. Single phase	
	to Single phase cycloconverter.	
	Applications (Block diagram): Switched mode Power supply,	
Destaura	UPS.	
Pedagogy:		
References/	I extbooks: $f = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{1}{2$	
Readings:	1. P. S. Bhimbra, Power Electronics, 5 edition, Khanna Publications	
	2. M. D. Singh, K. B. Khanchandani, Power electronics, 2 th Edition, TN	1H
	3. V. Jagannathan, Introduction to Power Electronics, 1 th edition Prent	lice
	Hall of India.	
	Keterence Books:	- 1 :
	1. IVIONAMMED H. Kasnid, Power Electronics circuits, Devices & applica	ation,
	Prentice Hall	
	2. IVI. S. Berde, Thysistor Engineering, Khanna Publications	

3. P. C. Sen, Power Electronics. McGraw-Hill Education
4. Vedam Subramanyam. Power Electronics –Devices, Converters and
Applications, 2nd Edition, New Age International Publishers Pvt. Ltd

Name of the Programme:Electronics and Computer EngineeringCourse Code:ECOMP543Title of the Course:DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSINGNumber of Credits:03(L)Effective from AY:2023-24

Pre-	Applied mathematics	
requisites		
for the		
Course:		
Course	The course aims to provide the student with:	
Objectives:	1. Understanding of time-domain representation and analysis of signals an	d
	systems	
	2. An ability to perform frequency-domain representation and analysis	
	using Fourier tools	
	3. An understanding of sampling, aliasing and Signal reconstruction	
	4. Ability to compute Discrete Fourier Transform and Fast Fourier	
	Transform of a time domain signal	
	5. An understanding of the design and implementation techniques of	
	Infinite Impulse Response filters and Finite Impulse Response filter	
Course	Upon completion of the course, students will be able to	
Outcomes:	ECOMP 543.1 Classify & interpret different types of signals and	
	illustrate the properties of various systems	
	ECOMP 543.2 Analyze CT and DT signals in Frequency domain	
	using CTET and DTET	
	ECOMP E42.2 Appreciate the process of campling and applyze	
	discrete time signals using DET and EET	
	discrete time signals using DFT and FFT	
	ECOMP 543.4 Understand and implement the design techniques	
	for FIR and IIR digital filters	
Content:	UNIT- 1	
	Introduction: 12	
	Definitions and concept of different types of signals; Hrs.	
	Classification of signals: continuous time and discrete time signals;	
	Causal and Non-Causal, Periodic and Non-periodic signals, Signal	
	Energy and Power, Even and Odd Signals.	
	Basic signal types: Exponential and Sinusoidal signal; Unit impulse	
	and Unit step, Unit Ramp functions, Sinc function.	
	Systems: Continuous time and Discrete time system.	
	Linear time invariant (LTI) systems: Introduction, Discrete time LTI	
	system, the convolution sum, Impulse Response of LTI system.	

Continuous-Time Fourier Transform: Representation of aperiodic signals: Fourier transform of aperiodic signals. 11 Discrete-Time Fourier Transform: Representation of aperiodic signals; Fourier transform of aperiodic signals. Properties. 11 Sampling of continuous time signals: Periodic sampling, Frequency domain representation of sampling, Reconstruction of a Band limited Signal from its samples. 11 UNIT -3 11 The Discrete Fourier transform (DFT): Introduction, Properties of Discrete Fourier Transform:- Linearity, periodicity, Complex Conjugate, Time shift, Frequency shift, Duality and Convolution in time domain is multiplication in frequency domain. Circular convolution using the DFT. 11 Computation of the Discrete Fourier transform. Fast Fourier Transform: Efficient computation of DFT, Decimation- in- time FFT (in-place computations), Decimation-in-Frequency FFT (in-place computations) (Radix – 2 only) (upto 8 point DFT only, UNIT -4 11 IIR Filters: IIR Filter design techniques: IIR Filter design by impulse invariant method and bilinear transformation. 11 FIR Filters: Magnitude and phase response of digital filters, frequency response of linear phase FIR filters. Design techniques for FIR filters: Window techniques (Rectangular, Hamming). 11 Pedagogy: Learner centric teaching 12 References/ Readings: TEXT BOOKS 1.
Discrete-Time Fourier Transform: Representation of aperiodic signals; Fourier transform of aperiodic signals. Properties. Sampling of continuous time signals: Periodic sampling, Frequency domain representation of sampling, Reconstruction of a Band limited Signal from its samples. UNIT -3 The Discrete Fourier transform (DFT): Introduction, Properties of Discrete Fourier Transform:- Linearity, periodicity, Complex Conjugate, Time shift, Frequency shift, Duality and Convolution in time domain is multiplication in frequency domain. Circular convolution using the DFT. 11 Hrs. Fast Fourier Transform: Efficient computation of DFT, Decimation- in- time FFT (in-place computations), Decimation-in-Frequency FFT (in-place computations) (Radix – 2 only) (upto 8 point DFT only, UNIT -4 11 Hrs IIR Filters: IIR Filter design techniques: IIR Filter design by impulse invariant method and bilinear transformation. 11 FIR Filters: Magnitude and phase response of digital filters, frequency response of linear phase FIR filters. Design techniques for FIR filters: Window techniques (Rectangular, Hamming). 11 Pedagogy: Learner centric teaching TEXT BOOKS Readings: 1. X. V. Oppenheim, A.V.Willsky, S. Hamid, Signals and systems, 2nd Edition PHL. 2nd Edition
Sampling of continuous time signals: Periodic sampling, Frequency domain representation of sampling, Reconstruction of a Band limited Signal from its samples.UNIT -3Interpresentation of Discrete Fourier transform (DFT): Introduction, Properties of Discrete Fourier Transform:- Linearity, periodicity, Complex Conjugate, Time shift, Frequency shift, Duality and Convolution in time domain is multiplication in frequency domain. Circular convolution using the DFT. Computation of the Discrete Fourier transform.11 Hrs.Fast Fourier Transform: Efficient computation of DFT, Decimation- in- time FFT (in-place computations), Decimation-in-Frequency FFT (in-place computations) (Radix – 2 only) (upto 8 point DFT only, UNIT -411 HrsIIR Filters: IIR Filter design techniques: IIR Filter design by impulse invariant method and bilinear transformation.11 HrsFIR Filters: Magnitude and phase response of digital filters, frequency response of linear phase FIR filters. Design techniques for FIR filters: Window techniques (Rectangular, Hamming).11 HrsPedagogy: Learner centric teachingTEXT BOOKS TEXT BOOKS1. A. V. Oppenheim, A.V.Willsky, S. Hamid, Signals and systems, 2nd Edition PHL
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FIR Filters: Magnitude and phase response of digital filters, frequency response of linear phase FIR filters. Design techniques for FIR filters: Window techniques (Rectangular, Hamming). Pedagogy: Learner centric teaching References/ TEXT BOOKS Readings: 1. A. V. Oppenheim, A.V.Willsky, S. Hamid, Signals and systems, 2nd Edition PHL.
Pedagogy: Learner centric teaching References/ TEXT BOOKS Readings: 1. A. V. Oppenheim, A.V.Willsky, S. Hamid, Signals and systems, 2nd Edition PHI.
References/ TEXT BOOKS Readings: 1. A. V. Oppenheim, A.V.Willsky, S. Hamid, Signals and systems, 2nd Edition PHI.
 A. V. Oppenheim and R. W. Schafer, Discrete-Time Signal Processing, 3rd Edition, Pearson. S. Salivahanan, Digital Signal Processing, 3rd Edition, McGraw Hill Education J. G. Proakis and D. G. Manolakis, Digital Signal Processing: Principles, Algorithms and Applications, 4th Edition, Pearson, 2007.

1. Sanjit K. Mitra, Digital Signal Processing - A Computer based approach,
2nd Edition; McGraw Hill Education.
2. S. Haykins, B. V. Veen, Signals and Systems, 2nd Edition, Wiley India.
2007
3. V. Krishnaveni, A. Rajeshwari, Signals and Systems, Wiley India 2012

Name of the Programme: Electronics and Computer Engineering

Course Code: ECOMP544Title of the Course: PRINCIPLES OF COMMUNICATION ENGINEERINGNumber of Credits: 03(L)Effective from AY: 2023-24

Pre-	Nil
requisites	
for the	
Course:	
Course	The course aims to provide the student with:
Objectives:	1. An understanding of fundamental concepts of Analog and Digital
-	Communication techniques;
	2. Analysis of sampling, pulse modulation, and multiplexing.
	3. Analysis and comparison of analog and digital modulation techniques.
	4. Operation and analysis of communication transmitter and receiver.
Course	Upon completion of the course, students will be able to
Outcomes:	ECOMP 544.1 Explain the fundamental concepts of analog and
	digital communication.
	ECOMP 544.2 Analyze and compare different analog and digital
	modulation techniques
	ECOMP 544.3 Analyze the performance of a communication
	system
	System.
	ECOMP E44.4 Model and decign analog and digital communication
	ECONIP 544.4 Model and design analog and digital communication
	system.
Content:	UNII-1
	An overview of Electronic Communication Systems: Bloc diagram 12
	representation, Analog vs Digital communication, Need for Hrs.
	frequency translation, modulation, multiplexing, types of
	transmission media.
	Amplitude modulation: Mathematical representation of AM signal,
	modulation index, double sideband suppressed carrier, Balanced
	modulator, coherent detection, Double sideband with carrier (DSB-C),
	Single sideband suppressed carrier (SSB-SC) generation: Filter
	method, Phase shift method, Coherent detection.
	UNIT-2
	Frequency modulation (FM): Mathematical representation of FM 11
	signal, Modulation Index, Tone modulated FM signal, FM spectrum.
	Bandwidth, Carson's rule, Narrowband and wideband FM.
	FM generation and Detection: Direct method, Armstrong method.

	Slope Detector, Foster-Seelay discriminator, Ratio detector.	
	Principle and block level representation of Super heterodyne	
	receiver, Choice of Intermediate frequency, Image frequency and its	
	rejection.	
	UNIT -3	
	Pulse Modulation: Sampling, The Low pass sampling theorem, Pulse amplitude modulation (PAM), Pulse width modulation (PWM), Pulse time modulation (PTM). Pulse Code Modulation: Pulse Code Modulation, Electrical representation of binary digits, PCM system, Quantization Error, Differential Pulse Code Modulation (DPCM), Delta Modulation (DM), Adaptive Delta Modulation (ADM). Multiplexing: Frequency Division Multiplexing, Time Division Multiplexing.	11 Hrs.
	UNIT -4	
	Digital Modulation Techniques: Amplitude Shift Keying, Binary	11
	Phase Shift Keying (BPSK), Differential Phase Shift Keying (DPSK),	Hrs
	Offset Quadrature Phase Shift Keying (QPSK), M-ary PSK,	
	Minimum Shift Keying (MSK), Gaussian MSK, Quadrature	
	Amplitude Shift Keying (QASK), Binary Frequency Shift Keying	
	(BFSK).	
Pedagogy:	Learner centric teaching	
References/	TEXT BOOKS	
Readings:	1. Taub, Schilling, Saha, Principles of Communication Systems, 3rd Edi	ition,
	Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company	
	2. Singh & Sapre, Communication Systems: Analog & Digital, 3rd Edition	on,
	Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company.	
	REFERENCE BOOKS	
	1. George Kennedy, Bernard Davis and S.R.M. Prasanna, Electronic	
	Communication Systems, 5th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill.	
	2. Dennis Roddy, John Coolen, Electronic Communication System, PHI	
	3. Wayne Tomasi, Electronic communications Systems, 3rd Edition, Pe	earson
	Education,	
	4. John Proakis, Digital Communications, 4th Edition, McGraw Hill	
	International.	
	5. Bernard Sklar, Digital Communications: Fundamental & Application	s, 2nd
	Edition, Pearson Education	

Name of the Programme:Electronics and Computer EngineeringCourse Code:ECOMP545Title of the Course:CONSUMER ELECTRONICSNumber of Credits:03(L)Effective from AY:2023-24

Pre-	Nil		
requisites			
for the			
Course:			
Course	The subject aims to provide the student with:		
Objectives:	1. An understanding of basic characteristics of sound, microphones.		
,	loudspeakers, sound recording with its reproduction and public address		
	systems		
	2 An understanding of signal generation to test various sections of TV		
	receiver		
	An introduction to various electronic bousehold and office appliances		
	 An introduction to various electronic nousehold and office appliances. An understanding of the concents and task sinces in resolution. 		
	4. An understanding of the concepts and techniques in marketing.		
Course	Upon completion of the course, students will be able to		
Outcomes:	ECOMP 545.1 Explain the concepts related to sound recording and		
	reproduction, IV systems, electrical appliances,		
	marketing planning and strategy.		
	ECOMP 545.2 Demonstrate safety awareness and take		
	precautionary measures while handling electronic		
	equipments.		
	ECOMP 545.3 Analyze consumer electronic circuits for fault and		
	performance degradation.		
	FCOMPEAE A Design cound recording and reproduction circuits		
	ECOMP 545.4 Design sound recording and reproduction circuits		
	and formulate a marketing plan including marketing		
	objectives, marketing mix, strategies.		
Content:	UNIT- 1		
	Electro acoustical Transducers: Microphones, Loudspeakers, Pick-up, 11		
	characteristics specifications and applications		
	Sound Recording and Reproduction: Principle and Block schematic of		
	disc recording system, magnetic recording system ontical recording		
	system compact disc and video recording		
	Audio Amplifier and subsystems: Audio mixers tone controls		
	Graphic equalizers Features of Hi-Fi and stored systems Dolby		
	Sustem Dublic Address systems		
	system, Public Address systems.		

	UNIT-2	
	 Testing, Alignment and Servicing of Television Receivers: Testing and Alignment of TV receivers, TV Wobbuloscope, Video Pattern Generators, Colour bar generator, Vectroscope, Tuners. Cable Television: Modern cable TV system, cable TV converter, Cable systems, Satellite Television, Direct to home TV, LED TV. Digital television: Digital Television Systems, Digital TV Signals, Digitized video parameters. High Definition television systems: HDTV Systems, HDTV standards and compatibility. 	12 Hrs.
	LINIT_3	
	Modern home appliances with electronic control : Microwave oven, washing machine, Air-conditioner, DVD, Digital Camera, Remote control, Refrigerator, Iron.	11 Hrs.
	Working principle of photocopying, fax machine, risograph, solar water heater and solar cooling.	
	Maintenance and safety measures: Electricity in home: electric lighting, electric heating. Dangers of Electricity and Safety Precautions.	
	UNIT -4	
	Marketing planning: Importance of marketing planning, steps involved in marketing planning process scanning the marketing environment and spotting the business opportunities, setting the market objectives.	11 Hrs
	strategy, formulating the marketing strategy. Techniques and Practices for mass production for reliable production.	
	Costing : Overview of costing and marketing communication. Entrepreneurship Awareness.	
	Patents: Introduction to patents.	
Pedagogy:	Learner centric teaching	
References/	TEXTBOOKS:	
Readings:	 B.R.Gupta, V. Singhal, Consumer Electronics, S. K. Kataria & Sons, 5t ed,2006. 	:h
	2. R G Gupta, Audio and video systems, Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2	nd ed,

	2010.
3.	S.P. Bali, Consumer Electronics , Pearson Educatio, India, 1 st ed,2004.
REFE	RENCES:
1.	V S Ramaswamy, J Namakumari, Marketing management planning,
	implementation and control, Macmillan (2007).
2.	Tom Duncan, Electronics for Today and Tomorrow, Trans-Atlantic
	Publications Inc.;2 edition
3.	R G Gupta, Television engineering and video systems, Tata McGraw-Hill
	Education,2005
4.	H S Kalsi, Electronic Instrumentation, TMH, Sixth reprint, 2006

Name of the Programme:Electronics and Computer EngineeringCourse Code:ECOMP550Title of the Course:Number of Credits:01Effective from AY:2023-24

Pre-	Knowledge of DBMS and Software Engineering.			
reauisites				
for the				
Course:				
Course	The subject aims to provide the student with:			
Objectives:	1. Ability to design and implement static and dynamic website.			
objectives:	2. Illustration of the implementation of JavaScript for dynamic effects.			
	3. Ability to choose best technologies for solving web client/server			
	problems.			
	4. Implementation aspects of server-side technologies like PHP and MvSQL.			
Course	Linon completion of the course, students will be able to			
Outcomes:	ECOMP550.1 Understand, analyze and apply the role of			
	languages like HTML and CSS to solve real world			
	problems.			
	ECOMP550.2 Analyze and create XML documents and XML Schema.			
	ECOMP550.3 Understand, analyze and design the role of JavaScript			
	and JSON for dynamic web pages.			
	ECOMP550.4 To design interactive web pages using PHP.			
Content:	List of Experiments			
	(At least 8 experiments excluding the Mini Project should be			
	conducted from the list of experiments. A certified journal reporting			
	the experiments conducted should be submitted at the end of the			
	term)			
	1. Create a web page using HTML: basic Tags, Table Tags, 30 HRS			
	List Tags, Image Tags and frames.			
	2. Design forms using HTML and CSS.			
	3. Create a web page with all types of Cascading style			
	sheets.			
	4. Implementation of XML.			
	5. Develop and demonstrate a HTML file that include			
	different JavaScript functions for validation.			
	6. Implementation of PHP. (Creation and connection)			
	7. Implementation of PHP. (Update and Search)			
	8. Implementation of PHP. (View and Delete)			
	8. Implementation of PHP. (View and Delete)			
	 8. Implementation of PHP. (View and Delete) 9. Implementation of cookies and sessions using PHP. 			
	 8. Implementation of PHP. (View and Delete) 9. Implementation of cookies and sessions using PHP. Mini Project: Develop an application with front end and 			
	 8. Implementation of PHP. (View and Delete) 9. Implementation of cookies and sessions using PHP. Mini Project: Develop an application with front end and backend connection which will incorporate HTML5, 			

Pedagogy:	Learner centric teaching
References/	TEXTBOOKS:
Readings:	1. N. P. Gopalan, J. Akhilandeswari; "Web Technology: A Developer's
	Perspective"; PHI.

Name of the Programme:Electronics and Computer EngineeringCourse Code:ECOMP560Title of the Course:Number of Credits:01Effective from AY:2023-24

Pre- requisites for the Course:	Nil		
Course Objectives:	 The subject aims to provide the student with 1. Ability to develop assembly language programming skills in students. 2. Ability to write 8051 Assembly level programs using 8051 instruction set 3. An ability to design real world applications using microcontroller 4. Ability to interface peripherals with 8051 		
Outcomes:	ECOMP 560.1 ECOMP 560.2	Understand assembly language programming and use of simulation tool. Write assembly language programs using data movement, arithmatic and logical instructions	
	ECOMP 560.3 ECOMP 560.4	Understand programming of 8051 using a development board Interface different peripherals with 8051.	
Content:	List of Experiments Note: At least 10 experiments should be conducted from the following list o experiments		
	 Assembly language program for block transfer of memory (in reverse order also) Assembly program to find largest and smallest from a set of numbers in memory Assembly program to find even and odd numbers in set of numbers in memory Assembly program to count positive and negative numbers from a set of numbers Assembly program to arrange the numbers in ascending and descending order Interfacing of LEDs and Switches to 8051 Interfacing of LCD to 8051 Interfacing of DC, Stepper and Servo Motor to 8051 		

	10. Measurement of pulse width using timers of 8051			
	11. Interfacing of ADC and DAC with 8051			
	12. Implementation of hardware interrupt using simple switch and			
	led Serial port programming			
	13. Microcontroller based Mini Project.			
Pedagogy:	Learner centric teaching, Team work and collaboration			
References/	1. Muhammad Ali Mazidi, Janice Gillespie Mazidi, Rolin D McKinlay, The			
Readings:	8051 Microcontroller and embedded systems			
	2. Kenneth, J Ayala The 8051 Microcontroller, Architecture, Programming			
	and Applications			

Name of the Programme:Electronics and Computer EngineeringCourse Code:HM009Title of the Course:Ethics and EntrepreneurshipNumber of Credits:03(L)Effective from AY:2023-24

Pre-	Nil			
requisites				
for the				
Course:				
Course	The course ai	ms to provide student with:		
Objectives:	1. Acquair	nt to standard concepts of ethics that they will find useful	in their	
	profess	ional life.		
	2. An unde	erstanding of the various concepts in Ethics.		
	3. Familiar	rization to the basic principles of entrepreneurship.		
	4. Acquair	t to standard concepts of entrepreneurship that they v	vill find	
	useful in their profession or during the process of starting their own			
	enterprise			
Course	Upon comple	tion of the course, students will be able to		
Outcomes:	HM009.1	Appreciate and assimilate ethics and interpersonal		
		hebovier. Also to Understand the use of othical theories		
		behavior. Also to onderstand the use of ethical theories.		
	HM009.2	Understand code of ethics in various fields, safety		
		responsibility and rights as an engineer		
	HM009.3	Understand the concept of entrepreneurship and		
		demonstrate the skills for project identification		
		de de sus et est indesentation		
		development and implementation.		
	HM009.4	Understand the basics of financing a project. From the		
		options of choosing the project and source of finance, to	,	
		finding ways of Sustaining the project.		
Content:		UNIT- 1		
	Introduction	What is Ethics 2 Ethics and Dights Ethics and	11	
	Posponsibility	What is Ethics? Ethics and Kights, Ethics and		
	Case Study W	n, winy slouy clines, Allibules of an elfillar personality,		
		ork Lunco, Integrity, Honesty		
	Engineering E	thics : History, Engineering Ethics Professional Roles to		
	be played by	an engineer, Functions of an Engineer, Self-Interest,		
	Customs and	Religion, Professional Ethics, Types of Inquiry,		
	Engineering a	nd Ethics, Kohlberg's Theory		
	Theories of E	thics :Moral issues, Moral dilemmas, Theories, Uses of		

Ethical Theories, Factors influencing Ethical Behavior	
UNIT-2	
Code of Ethics: Safety Responsibility and Rights: Responsibility of Engineers, Risk-Benefit Analysis, Ethical issues in Cost-benefit Analysis, Ethics and Risk Management, Reducing Risk., Conflict of Interest, Occupational Crime, Intellectual property	11 Hrs.
Environmental Ethics : Introduction, Affecting Environment, Engineers as Managers, Role of Engineers, IEEE code of Ethics	
Rights of Engineers : Professional Rights, Employees Rights, Whistle blowing	
UNIT -3	
 Definition and clarification of concept of entrepreneurship: Qualities and Skills required for entrepreneurship, Functions of an entrepreneur, Importance of entrepreneur in economic development. Theories of Entrepreneurship: Economic theory, Sociological theory, Psychological theory. Types of entrepreneurs: Based on type of business, Based on use of technology, Based on motivation, Based on stages of development, Based on motive, Based on capital ownership, Danhof s classification. Project identification: External environment analysis, Meaning and characteristics of a project, Classification of projects, Project life-cycle, Sources and screening of project ideas. Project formulation: Meaning and significance, Feasibility analysis, Techno- economic analysis, Input analysis, Financial analysis, Social cost benefit analysis. Project feasibility. 	12 Hrs.
Pre-feasibility study: Project feasibility report - Meaning, Importance and Contents.	
UNIT -4	
Project financing and institutional finance: Classification of capital , Fixed Capital -Meaning, Factors governing fixed capital requirements, Working capital : Meaning and concepts, Types, Factors determining working capital requirements. Sources of finance — Share capital, Debenture capital, Lease finance and term loans from commercial banks. Financial aspects: Break even analysis, Income statement, Balance sheet, Fund flow statement, Ratio analysis — Liquidity, leverage and profitability ratios. Capital budgeting — Need, Importance, Process.	11Hr s

Name of the Programme:Electronics and Computer EngineeringCourse Code:ECOMP610Title of the Course:Number of Credits:03(L)+1(T)Effective from AY:2023-24

Pre-	Digital System Des	ign		
requisites		-		
for the				
Course:				
Course	The course aims to	provide the student with:		
Objectives:	1. An in-depth	knowledge of the MOSFET operation and the abi	lity to	
_	derive the th	reshold voltage & current equations.	-	
	2. An understa	anding of the theory of CMOS Inverter and Swi	itching	
	characteristic	cs and the capability to write SPICE programs for v	arious	
	circuits.			
	3. The capabilit	ry to design combinational circuits in CMOS logic and	l draw	
	Layouts for t	he same.		
	4. An understa	nding of the various processes involved in VLSI tech	nology	
	and chip fab	rication and design circuits using Verilog.		
Course	Upon com	pletion of the course, students will be able to		
Outcomes:	ECOMP 610.1	Explain the MOSFET operation, Current Voltage Equa	tions,	
		and CMOS Inverter Theory and to solve numerical ba	sed on	
		MOSFET and CMOS inverter.		
	ECOMP 610.2	Explain the various MOSFET fabrication processes.		
	ECOMP 610.3	Write the SPICE programs for modelling of MOSFET of	ircuits	
		and to implement complex combinational functions i	n	
		CMOS logic and draw the layout.		
	ECOMP 610.4	Design combinational circuits using Verilog.		
Content:		UNIT- 1		
	Introduction to VL	SI: VI SI Design Flow	111+	
			4T	
	MOS transistors:	Structures. MOS system under external bias	Hrs.	
	operation of MOS	5 transistor (MOSFET). MOS transistors: Threshold	_	
	voltage MOSFET c	urrent-voltage characteristics (CGA), channel length		
	modulation, substrate bias effect			
	Measurements of	parameters - KN, VTO & γ.		
		-		
	Overview of MOSF	ET capacitances.		

	2.	Jan M. Rabaey, Digital Integrated Circuits - A Design perspective, Pearson Education
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Name of the Programme:Electronics and Computer EngineeringCourse Code:ECOMP620Title of the Course:Computer NetworksNumber of Credits:03(L)+1(T)Effective from AY:2023-24

Pre-	Nil	
requisites		
for the		
Course:		
Course	The subject aims to provide the student with:	
Objectives:	1. An introduction to the concept of OSI model, TCP/IP, identifying dif	ferent
	network topologies and protocols.	
	2. An understanding of Data Link layer protocols and technologies.	
	3. An understanding of the routing algorithms, flow control & cong	estion
	control.	
	4. An understanding of Internet Protocols & Transport protocols.	
	5. Familiarization with various Networking Devices and their fur	octions
	within a network.	
Course	Upon completion of the course, students will be able to	
Outcomes:	ECOMP 620.1 Explain the functions of the various layers of OSI m	odel,
	networking devices and protocols of data	
	ommunication.	
	ECOMP 620.2 Apply the various line coding techniques, flow	
	and error control techniques.	
	ECOMP 620.3 Classify and compare the services of the layers of th	ie OSI
	model.	
	ECOMP 620.4 Analyze various networks based on their application	ons.
Content:	UNIT- 1	
	Reference Models: Layered architecture of OSI Model, TCP/IP	12L+
	architecture.	3THr
	Data Communication concepts: Parallel and Serial transmission,	s.
	Asynchronous and Synchronous transmission. Line coding – NRZ. RZ.	
	Biphase (Manchester and Differential Manchester), AMI, HDB3, B8ZS,	
	2BIQ, 8B6T.	
	LAN systems: Architecture: Bus, Ring, Tree, Star, Fast Ethernet, Token	
	ring.	
	Ethernet: Contention Access, CSMA, CSMA/CD	
	The Physical Layer: Interface RS-232, DTE-DCE interface, Null modems.	
	UNIT-2	
	Data Link Layer: Frame design consideration, flow control, error	11L+
	control (stop- and-wait mechanism, sliding window), sequence	4THr
	numbering of piggybacking acknowledgement.	s.
	Data Link protocols: BISYNC- transmission frames, protocol operation,	

	HDLC- flow and error control, framing, transparency, protocol operation, Comparison of BISYNC and HDLC. Switching : Switching networks, circuit switching, space division switching, Time division switching, packet switching (datagram and	
	virtual circuit –SVC and PVC), message switching.	
	UNIT -3	
	Networking Devices: Repeaters, Bridges, Routers, Firewall.	11L+
	Network Layer: Services, virtual circuits and datagram subnet, Routing	4THr
	algorithms (shortest path, flooding, flow based, distance vector, link	s.
	state), Congestion control, choke packets, load shedding, jitter control,	
	flow specifications, traffic shaping (leaky and token bucket algorithm)	
	Transport Protocols: Transport service: services provided to the	11L+
	upper layer, connection establishment, connection release,	4THr
	multiplexing, flow control and buffering, crash recovery,	S.
	The Application Lever	
	DNSDomain Name System: The DNS Name Space Resource Records	
	Name Servers	
	Electronic Mail: Architecture and Services, The User Agent, Message	
	Formats, Message Transfer, Final Delivery	
	The World Wide Web: Architectural Overview, The Client Side, The	
	Server Side, URLs, Cookies.	
	HTTP: Connections, methods, message headers, caching.	
Pedagogy:	Learner centric teaching	
References/	IEXIBOOKS:	ontico
Readings:	Hall,2003.	entice
	2. Behrouz A. Forouzan , Data Communications and Networki Edition Tata McGraw-Hill 2006	ng,4th
	3. Prakash Gupta. Data Communications and Computer Networks	s. 2nd
	Edition, PHI, 2014.	
	REEERENCES	
	1. William Stallings .Data and Computer Communications.8th E	dition.
	Prentice Hall, 2006	,
	 Achyut S. Godbole ,Data Communications and Networks, Tata M. Hill. 	Graw
	3. James Kurose, Keith Ross ,Computer Networking, 7th Edition, Pe Publications, 2016.	earson

Name of the Programme:Electronics and Computer EngineeringCourse Code:ECOMP631Title of the Course:Number of Credits:03(L)Effective from AY:2023-24

Pre- requisites	Logic Theory, Probability	Theory, Numerical Analysis, Operations on Matr	rices
Course:			
Course Objectives:	 The subject aims to provi 1. An Introduction to a 2. An Understanding representation in A 3. An Introduction to a 4. The fundamentals of a 	de the student with: AI Techniques for solving real world problems of search strategies, planning, logic and knov I Game playing and Learning methods in AI of Machine Learning techniques and its applicati	vledge ons.
Course	Upon completion of the c	course, students will be able to	
Outcomes:	ECOMP631.1 Disc vario prot	uss the structure of an AI problem and apply ous problem solving methods to solve related blems	
	ECOMP631.2 App and	ly concepts of planning, constraint satisfaction game playing to solve AI problems.	
	ECOMP631.3 Deve logic	elop solutions to AI problems using predicate c, frames and semantic nets.	
	ECOMP631.4 Deso suita appl	cribe the concept of Learning and analyse the ability of Machine Learning Algorithms for any ication.	
Content:		UNIT- 1	
	Introduction:What is Ir Defining a problem, prob	ntelligence, future of Artificial Intelligence, lem solving approach to typical AI problems	12 Hrs.
	Problem Solving :		
	State Space Search: Dept	n First Search(DFS), Breadth First Search(BFS),	
	Heuristic Search: Heu	ristic Functions, Hill Climbing, Variable	
	Neighbourhood Descent		
	Optimal Search: A* Algor	ithm, Iterative Deepening A*	
		UNII-2	
	Problem Decomposition Expert Systems	: Goal Trees, Rule Based Systems, Rule Based	11 Hrs.
	Planning: The STRIPS D Planning, Goal Stack Plan	omain, Forward and Backward State Space ning, Plan Space Planning	

	Constraint Satisfaction: N-Queens, Constraint Propagation.	
	Game Blaving: Min May Search Brecodure, Alpha Beta Bruning	
	0001 - 5	
	Knowledge based Reasoning: Agents, Facets of Knowledge	11
	Logic and Informatics: Formal Logic Propositional Logic Posolution	Hrs.
	method in Propositional Logic First Order Logic Resolution Refutation	
	in FOL Forward & Backward Chaining	
	Knowledge Representation: Frames, Semantic Nets	
	UNIT -4	
	Learning: Introduction, Rote Learning, Learning by Taking Advice,	11
	Learning by Induction	Hrs
	Machine Learning: Naïve Bayes Classifier, Decision Trees, The K-Means	
	Clustering Algorithm, Support Vector Machines	
Pedagogy:	Learner centric teaching	
References/	TEXTBOOKS:	
Readings:	1. Deepak Khemani, A First Course in Artificial Intelligence, McGra	w Hill
C C	Education (India) 2013.	
	2. Elaine Rich, Kevin Knight, Nair, Artificial Intelligence, TMH, 2010.	
	3. Ela Kumar, Artificial Intelligence, I.K. International Publishing Hous	se Pvt.
	Ltd.2008.	
	REFERENCES:	
	1. Stuart Russell, Peter Norvig, Artificial Intelligence: A Modern App	roach,
	3rd Edition, Pearson, 2003	
	2. Nilsson Nils J, Artificial Intelligence: A new Synthesis, Morgan Kau	fmann
	Publishers Inc.	
	3. Patrick Winston, Artificial Intelligence, Pearson Education	

Name of the Programme: Electronics and Computer Engineering

Course Code: ECOMP632Title of the Course: Augmented Reality & Virtual RealityNumber of Credits: 03(L)Effective from AY: 2023-24

Pre-	Computer Graphic	SS	
requisites			
for the			
Course:			
Course	The subject aims t	o provide the student with:	
Objectives:	1. Understandi	ng of the basic concepts of Virtual Reality (VR) and
	Augmented	Reality (AR).	
	2. Knowledge c	of input and output devices of VR and AR.	
	3. Understandi	ng of the interaction techniques of VR and AR.	
	4. Knowledge c	of applications of AR and VR in various industries.	
Course	Upon completion	of the course, students will be able to	
Outcomes:	ECOMP632.1	Understand how VR systems work and describe the ir	nput
		and output devices used	
	ECOMP632.2	Understand the various representations in VR and	
		describe systems for rendering and interaction	
	ECOMP632.3	Understand and analyse the hardware requirement o	f AR.
	ECOMP632.4	Describe the working of various AR tracking technique	es –
		marker-based and markerless, and understand enhar	icing
		of visual perception in AR.	
Content:		UNIT- 1	
	Introduction to Vi	rtual Reality	12
	Introduction top \	/R- Four Key Elements of Virtual Reality Experience,	Hrs.
	Combining the Ele	ements, Artificial Reality, Virtual, Virtual World, and	
	Cyberspace. Aug	mented Reality, Telepresence, Virtual Reality,	
	Telepresence, Aug	mented Reality, and Cyberspace.	
	Input: User Mon	itoring – Position Tracking Body Tracking Other	
	Physical Input Dev	vices World Monitoring - Persistent Virtual Worlds,	
	Bringing the Real V	Norld Into the Virtual World	
	Output devices: V	isual Displays- Visual Depth Cues, Properties of Visual	
	Displays Aural Di	splays- Aural Localization Cues, Properties of Aural	
	Displays Haptic Dis	splays- Properties of Haptic Displays	
		UNIT-2	
	Visual Renderin	g, Perception and Interactive Technique	11
	Representation	– Visual Representation in VR, Aural	Hrs.
	Representation in	VR, Haptic Representation in VR	
	Rendering-Visual	Rendering Systems -Visual Rendering Methods,	
	Rendering Comp	lex Visual Scenes Aural Rendering Systems:	
	Methods of Aural	Rendering, Rendering Complex Sounds	

	Haptic Rendering Systems: Haptic Rendering Methods, Rendering	
	Complex Haptic Scenes with Force Displays, Haptic Rendering	
	Techniques	
	Interacting with the Virtual World-	
	Manipulating a Virtual World: Manipulation Methods Navigating in a	
	Virtual World: Wayfinding Interacting with Others: Collaborative	
	Interaction	
	UNIT -3	
	What Is Augmented Reality - Defining augmented reality, history of	11
	augmented reality, Examples,	Hrs.
	Displays - Audio Displays, Haptic Displays, Visual Displays, and	
	Other sensory displays, Visual Perception, Requirements and	
	Characteristics, Spatial Display Model.	
	Tracking & Sensors - Tracking, Calibration, and Registration.	
	Characteristics of Tracking Technology. Stationary Tracking	
	Systems, Mobile Sensors, Optical Tracking, Sensor Fusion.	
	UNIT -4	
	AR Techniques- Marker-based tracking: Marker detection- Marker	11
	detection procedure. Pre-processing. Fast acceptance/rejection	Hrs
	tests for potential markers. Marker types and identification:	
	Template markers- Template matching. Imperceptible markers-	
	Image markers Infrared markers Miniature markers Discussion	
	on marker use. When to use marker-based tracking. When to use	
	Marker-based tracking. How to select a marker type Marker	
	design Conoral marker detection application	
	Markerlass tracking / Alternative visual tracking methods and hybrid	
	Warkeness tracking/ Alternative visual tracking methods and hybrid	
	tracking - Visual tracking in AR, Feature-based tracking, Hybrid tracking,	
	Initialization and recovery	
	Enhancing the augmented reality system:	
	Enhancing visual perception- Non-photorealistic rendering, Non-	
	photorealistic rendering, illumination and shadows, Motion blur,	
Dedeessory	out-of-focus and other image effects	
Pedagogy:		
References/	1 William P. Sharman, Alan P. Craig, Understanding, Virtual P	oolity
Reduings.	Interface Application and Design The Morgan Kaufmann Ser	ios in
	Computer Graphics Morgan Kaufmann Publishers San Francisc	
		0, CA,
	2 Schmalstieg Hollerer Augmented Reality: Principles & Practice De	arson
	Education India 1st Edition (12 October 2016)	2013011
	3. Sanni Siltanen. Theory and applications of marker-based aug	nented
	reality. Julkaisija – Utgivare Publisher. 2012.	

REFERINCES:
 Burdea, Grigore C, Philippe Coiffet, Virtual Reality Technolog", Wiley Inter science, India, 2003.
 Alan B Craig, William R Sherman, Jeffrey D Will, Developing Virtual Reality Applications: Foundations of Effective Design, Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, 2009.
 Alan B. Craig, Understanding Augmented Reality, Concepts and Applications, Morgan Kaufmann, 2013.

Name of the Programme:Electronics and Computer EngineeringCourse Code:ECOMP633Title of the Course:Mobile Phone ProgrammingNumber of Credits:03(L)Effective from AY:2023-24

Pre-	Introduction to C	omputer programming, Introduction to computer	
requisites	architecture, Ope	rating systems.	
for the			
Course:			
Course	The subject aims	to provide the student with:	
Objectives:	1. An introduc	tion to Android programming and app development.	
-	2. An understa	anding of Android application and OS architecture.	
	3. An ability to	write programs for Android OS.	
	4. An ability to	design user interfaces for Android applications.	
	5. An ability to	use maps and location-based services.	
	6. An ability t	o use wireless communication standards such as Blue	tooth,
	NFC, Wi-Fi.		
Course	Upon completion	of the course, students will be able to	
Outcomes:	ECOMP633.1	Explain the features of Android OS and application	
		development environment.	
	ECOMP633.2	Develop basic android applications. and build user	
		interfaces for android applications.	
	ECOMP633.3	Develop android applications utilizing hardware sensor	rs.
	ECOMP633.4	Develop android applications incorporating location ba	ased
		services, Bluetooth, Wi-Fi, and NFC.	
Content:		UNIT- 1	
	Google Androi	d : Background, an Open Platform for Mobile	11
	Development, N	lative Android Applications, Android SDK Features,	Hrs.
	Introducing the	Open Handset Alliance, Introducing the Development	
	Framework.		
	Android Develo	perment : Developing for Android. Developing for	
	Mohile Devices	Android Development Tools	
	Creating Applic	ations and Activities: What Makes an Android	
	Application? Intr	aducing the Application Manifest Using the Manifest	
		aid Application life Cude Understanding Application	
	Editor, The Anar	old Application Life Cycle, Understanding Application	
	Priority and Proc	ess States, Externalizing Resources, A Closer Look at	
	Android Activities). 	
		UNIT-2	
	Building User	Interfaces: Fundamental UI design, Android UI	11
	fundamentals, In	troducing Layouts, Fragments, Creating new views	Hrs.
	and Introducing a	dapters.	
•	1		1

	Intents, Broadcast Receivers, Adapters, and the Internet: Introducing	
	Intents, Introducing Adapters, Using Internet Resources, Introducing	
	Dialogs, Creating an Earthquake Viewer.	
	UNIT -3	
	Data Storage, Retrieval, and Sharing: Saving Simple Application Data, Creating and Saving Shared Preferences, Retrieving Shared Preferences, Creating a Settings Activity for the Earthquake Viewer, Introducing the Preference Framework and the Preference Activity, Creating a Standard Preference Activity for the Earthquake Viewer, Persisting the Application Instance State, Working with the File system.Hardware Sensors: Using Sensors and sensor manager, Monitoring a device's movement and orientation. Introduction to environment sensors.	12 Hrs.
	UNIT -4	
	Maps, Geocoding, and Location-Based Services: Using Location-BasedServices, Setting up the Emulator with Test Providers, Finding YourLocation,UsingtheGeocoder,CreatingMap Based Activities, Mapping Earthquakes Example.Bluetooth, Wi-Fi and NFC: Using Bluetooth, Managing Networkand Internet connectivity, Managing Wi-Fi, Transferring data	11 Hrs
Podagogy	Using WI-FI Direct, Near Field Communication.	
Peuagogy.		
References/ Readings:	 TEXT BOOKS Reto Meier; Professional Android Application Development; Publishing Inc. Saurabh Jain; Mobile Phone Programming; BPB Publications, 2007. REFERNCES: Frank H.P. Fitzek, Frank Reichert; Mobile Phone Programming a Application to Wireless Networking; Springer. Jerome DiMarzio; Android: A Programmer's Guide; McGraw Hill Inc. Rich Ling; Mobile Phones and Mobile Communication; Polity Press. Ed Burnett; Hello, Android: Introducing Google's Mobile Develop Platform; Pragmatic Bookshelf. Rick Rogers, John Lombardo, Zigurd Mednieks; Android Appli Development: Programming with the Google SDK; O'Reilly Media. Sayed Y Hashimi, Satya Komatineni; Pro Android: Developing N 	Wiley and its pment ication

Name of the Programme: Electronics and Computer Engineering

Course Code: ECOMP634Title of the Course: Software testing and Quality AssuranceNumber of Credits: 03(L)Effective from AY: 2023-24

Pre-	Software Engineering
requisites	
for the	
Course:	
Course	The subject aims to provide the student with:
Objectives:	1. Knowledge to develop and implement an effective testing strategy.
	2. Knowledge to plan and prepare appropriate tests for all phases of
	software development.
	3. Ability to measure and control the quality of the testing.
	4. Understanding of the significance of finding and resolving errors early.
Course	Upon completion of the course, students will be able to
Outcomes:	ECOMP6 Manage, plan and prepare rigorous, formal, visible
	34.1 and repeatable tests that will fully exercise software,
	in the development of quality systems
	ECOMP63 Apply different testing approaches to all stages of software
	4.2 development
	ECOMP63 Prepare test plans, strategy, specifications, procedures and
	4.3 controls to provide a structured approach to testing.
	ECOMP6 Describe the different types of testing tools available and
	34.4 identify the appropriate types of tools for their needs.
Content:	UNIT- 1
	Software Quality: Quality perspective and expectations, Quality 11
	framework and ISO 9126, Correctness and defects.
	Quality Assurance: Classification, Defect prevention, Defect reduction,
	Defect containment. Quality Assurance in context: Handling discovered
	defects during QA activities, QA activities, Verification and validation
	perspective.
	Quality Engineering: Activities & Process, Quality planning, Quality
	assessment & improvement.
	UNIT-2
	Testing: Concepts, Issues, and Techniques: Purpose, activities, process 12
	and context, issues and questions about testing, Functional v/s Hrs.
	structural testing, Coverage based v/s usage based testing.
	Test Activities, Management, and Automation: Test planning and
	preparation, Test execution, result checking and measurement,
	Analysis and follow up, Activities, people and management.
	Coverage and Usage Testing Based on Checklists and Partitions:
	Checklist based testing and limitations. Testing for partition coverage,

	Usage based statistical testing with Musa's operational profiles.	
	UNIT -3	
	Defect Prevention and Process Improvement: Basic concepts and	11
	generic approaches, Root cause analysis for defect prevention,	Hrs.
	Training for defect prevention, Defect prevention techniques.	
	Control Flow, Data Dependency: Basic Control Flow Testing, Loop	
	Testing, CFT Usage, and Other Issues, Data Dependency and Data	
	Flow Testing.	
	UNIT -4	
	Software testing tools and overview: Need for automated	11
	testing tools, Taxonomy of testing tools, Functional/Regression	Hrs
	testing tools, Performance testing tools, Testing management	
	tools, Source code testing tools, Selection of testing tools.	
	Case study: Overview of WinRunner, SilkTest, SQA Robot	
	,Loadrunner.	
Pedagogy:	Learner centric teaching	
References/	TEXTBOOKS:	
Readings:	1. Jeff Tian ,Software Quality Engineering – Testing, Quality Assurance	ce and
	Quantifiable Improvement, Edition 2006.	
	2. Dr. K.V.K.K. Prasad ,Software Testing Tools, Dreamtech Press Ind	ia Pvt.
	Ltd. 2004.	
	REFERENCES:	
	1. Kshirasagar Naik, Priyadarshi Tripathy, Software Testing and C	Quality
	Assurance: Theory and Practice, Wiley Publications.	
	2. William E. Perry, Effective methods for Software testing, 3rd edition	

Name of the Programme: Electronics and Computer Engineering

Course Code: ECOMP635Title of the Course: Introduction to Formal Languages and AutomataNumber of Credits: 03(L)Effective from AY: 2023-24

Pre-	Discrete Structure	S.	
requisites			
for the			
Course:			
Course	The subject aims t	o provide the student with:	
Objectives:	1. Conceptual	understanding of fundamentals of grammars and langu	ages.
-	2. Understandi	ng of concepts of theoretical design of deterministi	c and
	non-determ	inistic finite automata and push down automata.	
	3. Understandi	ng of different types of Turing machines and application	ns.
	4. Understandi	ng of the concept of Undecidability.	
Course	Upon completion	of the course, students will be able to	
Outcomes:	ECOMP635.1	Explain the techniques to transform between equivale	ent
		deterministic and Non-deterministic finite automata	
	FCOMP635 2	Explain regular languages and grammars and Apply th	1e
		nronerties of regular expressions	
		Formulate grammars and automate (recognizers)	
	ECOMP055.5	for different language classes. Deform the	
		cimplification of automata and Context free	
		simplification of automata and context free	
		grannings.	
	ECOIVIP035.4	Explain the concepts of running machines.	
Content:	UNIT- 1		
	Introduction: Lang	guages, Grammars and Automata.	11
	Finite Automata	Deterministic Finite Accepters, Nondeterministic	Hrs.
	Finite Accepters,	Equivalence of Deterministic and Nondeterministic	
	Finite Accepters.	Reduction of the Number of States in Finite	
	Automata.		
		UNIT-2	
	Regular Languag	ges and Regular Grammars: Regular Expressions,	11
	Connection Betw	veen Regular Expressions and Regular Languages,	Hrs.
	Regular Gramm	ars, Properties of Regular Languages: Closure	
	properties of Reg	gular languages, Elementary questions about regular	
	languages, Identi	fying non regular languages.	
		UNIT -3	
	Context-Free Lar	nguages: Examples of Context Free Languages,	12
	Leftmost and Rig	htmost Derivations, Derivation Trees, Parsing and	Hrs.
	Ambiguity.		
	Simplification of	Context Free Grammars and Normal Forms:	

	Methods for Transforming Context Free Grammars, Chomsky Normal Form and Greibach Normal Form Nondeterministic Pushdown			
	Automata Pushdown Automata and Context-Free Languages			
	Pumping Lemma for Context-Free Languages, Closure of Context Free			
	languages			
	Turing Machine: Standard Turing Machine, Combining Turing `s for	11		
	Complicated Tasks, Turing's Thesis.	Hrs		
	Other Models of Turing Machines: Turing Machines with More			
	Complex Storage. Nondeterministic Turing Machines. A Universal			
	Turing Machine. Linear Bounded Automata.			
Pedagogy:	Learner centric teaching			
References/	TEXTBOOKS:			
Readings:	1. Peter Linz; An introduction to Formal Languages and Automation	a; 5th		
	edition , Jones & Bartlett Learning, 2006,.			
	2. John C Martin; Introduction to languages and the theory of computation;			
	Tata McGraw Hill, 4th Edition, 2010.			
	REFERNCES:			
	1. John E. Hopcraft , Jeffery D. Ullman, Introduction to Automata Theory,			
	Languages and Computation, Narosa Publishing House.			
	2. K.L.P Mishra, N. Chandrasekaran, Theory of Computer Scien	nce –		
	Automata, languages and Computation, PHI Publications, 3rd E	dition,		
	2008.			
	3. Michael Sipser, Introduction to Theory of Computation, PWS Pub	lishing		
	Company.			
	4. A.A Puntambekar, Formal Languages and Automata Theory, Tec	hnical		
	Publications Pune.			

Name of the Programme:Electronics and Computer EngineeringCourse Code:ECOMP641Title of the Course:Digital Image ProcessingNumber of Credits:03(L)Effective from AY:2023-24

Pre-	Applied mathematics
requisites	
for the	
Course:	
Course	The subject aims to provide the student with:
Objectives:	1. An understanding of basics of visual perception, effects of image
	sampling and quantization
	2. An ability to apply relevant filters for enhancing images
	3. An understanding of image degradation and restoration process
	4. An ability to apply various morphological operations on the images for
	the high level applications and compression techniques on images
	5. An ability to apply the various edge detection algorithms to segment
	image into different regions
Course	Upon completion of the course, students will be able to
Outcomes:	ECOMPC Evaluin general terminology of digital image processing and
	41.1 Lits applications
	ECOMP6 Apply image processing algorithms in practical
	41.2 applications and have the ability to design system using it
	41.2 applications and have the ability to design system using it
	ECOMP6 Analyse basic image relationship functions,
	41.3 enhancement, restoration, compression,
	segmentation and representation Techniques
	ECOMP6 Design and implement algorithms for advanced image
	A1 A analysis
Content:	UNIT- 1
	Introduction to image processing: Example of fields that uses image 12
	processing, Steps of image processing, Components, Applications, Hrs.
	Image sensors and image formats. Brightness adaptation and
	discrimination. Image sampling and quantization. Zooming Shrinking
	Basic relationships between nivels
	Spatial Domain Enhancement: Introduction Some basic intensity
	transformation functions (throsholding Contract stratching Grav level
	clicing log Doworlow Negation Dit plans clicing) Histogram
	silcing, Log, Power-law, Negation, Bit plane slicing), Histogram
	equalization, matching, stretching, Enhancement using arithmetic and
	logical operations
	Spatial filtering: Fundamentals of spatial filtering, Smoothing and
	Sharpening spatial filters, Point, Line, and Edge detection

	UNIT-2		
	 Enhancement in Frequency domain:Introduction, 2-D Discrete Fourier Transform, Properties of Fourier transform, Basic filtering in the frequency domain, Smoothing and Sharpening filters, Homomorphic filtering. Different Image Transforms: Discrete cosine transform (DCT), HADAMARD, WALSH, KL (PCT) transform, DWT. Colour image processing: Colour fundamentals, Colour models (RGB, CMYK, HSI). 		
	UNIT -3		
	 Image Restoration: Image degradation Model, Image restoration Techniques, Noise models, Mean Filters, Order Statistics, Adaptive filters, Inverse Filtering, Wiener filtering Image Compression: Fundamentals, Image Compression Models, Error free compression (VLC, LZW, Bit-Plane, Lossless Predictive Coding), Lossy compression techniques (Lossy predictive coding, IGS and Vector quantization, Transform coding) 	11 Hrs.	
	UNIT -4		
	 Morphological Image Processing: Introduction, Erosion and Dilation, Opening and Closing, The Hit-or-Miss transformation, Gray scale morphology Segmentation: Fundamentals, Edge linking and Boundary detection (Local and Global Processing via Hough transform) and Thresholding, Region based segmentation Representation and Description: Representation (chain codes) , 	11 Hrs.	
	Boundary Descriptors (Shape number, Fourier Descriptor)		
Pedagogy: References/ Readings:	 Learner centric teaching TEXT BOOKS Rafael C. Gonzalez, Richard E. Woods, Digital Image Processing Pearson 3rd Edition, 2010 Anil K. Jain, Fundamentals of Digital Image Processing Pearson, 2002 REFERENCES Kenneth R. Castleman, Digital Image Processing Pearson, 2006. Rafael C. Gonzalez, Richard E. Woods, Steven Eddins, Digital Image Processing using MATLAB Pearson Education, Inc., 2011. William K. Pratt, Digital Image Processing, John Wiley, New York, 2002 Milan Sonka, et al, Image processing, analysis and machine vision Brookes/Cole, Vikas Publishing House, 2nd Edition. S. Jayaraman, S. Esakkirajan and T. Veerakumar, Digital Image Processing, McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Ltd. 11th reprint 2013 J.C. Russ, The Image Processing Handbook, 5th edition, CRC, 2006 		

Name of the Programme:Electronics and Computer EngineeringCourse Code:ECOMP642Title of the Course:Number of Credits:03(L)Effective from AY:2023-24

Pre-	Nil
requisites	
for the	
Course:	
Course	The subject aims to provide the student with:
Objectives:	1. An understanding of information theoretic behavior of a communication
-	system.
	2. A perspective of problems associated with channel capacity of the
	different types of the communication channels.
	3. An ability to calculate the efficiency of the source using the various
	source coding techniques.
	4. An understanding of various channel coding techniques.
Course	Upon completion of the course, students will be able to
Outcomes:	ECOMP6 Understand information mutual information channel capacity
	12.1
	42.1 source and channel coding, and comparison of error rates.
	ECOMP6 Apply concepts of information theory, probability to source
	42.2 coding; and concepts of linear algebra to block codes.
	FCOMPC Analyza hinary sources communication channels types of coding
	ECOMP6 Analyze binary sources, communication channels, types of coding
	42.3 techniques
	ECOMP6 Evaluate channel capacity, and various coding/decoding schemes.
	42.4
Content:	UNIT- 1
	Information Theory: Information content, unit of information, entropy, 11Hr
	entropy of a binary source, rate of information, joint entropy and s.
	conditional entropy.
	Mutual Information and Channel Capacity: Noise free channel,
	channel with independent input and output, symmetric channel,
	binary symmetric channel (BSC), binary erasure channel (BEC),
	cascaded channels.
	Sources with Finite Memory: Markov sources.
	UNIT-2
	Shannon's theorem, Capacity of a Gaussian Channel: Shannon - Hartley 11Hr
	theorem, bandwidth–S/N tradeoff, Shannon limit. s.

Source Coding: Coding efficiency, Shannon's first fundamental theorem, Lossless coding algorithm, Kraft's inequality. Variable length source coding: Shannon–Fano coding, Huffman coding, (d-ary compact codes), Lempel-Ziv (LZ) coding, Lossy data compression: Rate distortion theory.	
UNIT -3	
Error Control Coding: Types of codes, error probability with repetition in the binary symmetric channel, parity check bit for error detection, Hamming distance. Linear block codes, syndrome and error detection, standard array and syndrome decoding for error correction, probability of undetected error for linear block codes. Single parity check bit code, repeated codes, Hadamard code, Hamming codes, Reed-Muller codes, dual codes.	11Hr s.
UNIT -4	
 Burst Error Correction: Block interleaving, convolutional interleaving, Reed- Solomon (RS) code, concatenated codes. Convolutional Coding: Code generation, generator matrix, code tree, state and trellis diagrams for convolutional codes. Decoding Convolutional Codes: using a code tree, decoding in the presence of noise, sequential decoding, Viterbi algorithm. Comparison of error rates in coded and uncoded transmission. Turbo codes: Encoding and Decoding of Turbo Codes. 	12 Hrs
Learner centric teaching	
 TEXTBOOKS Herbert Taub, Donald Schilling, Goutam Saha, Principle Communication Systems, 4th Edition, Tata-McGraw Hill. R. P. Singh, S. Sapre, Communication systems: Analog and Digita Edition, Tata- McGraw Hill. Ranjan Bose, Information Theory, Coding & Cryptography, 2nd Edita- Tata- McGraw Hill, 2008. Salvatore Gravano, Introduction to Error Control Codes, 1st Editord University Press, 2001 REFERENCES J. Das, S. K. Mullick, P. K. Chatterjee, Principles of Digital Communication John Wiley, 1986. Bernard Sklar, Digital Communications: Fundamental & Application Edition, Pearson Education, 2009. 	es of al, 3rd dition; dition, cation, cation,
	 Source Coding: Coding efficiency, Shannon's first fundamental theorem, Lossless coding algorithm, Kraft's inequality. Variable length source coding: Shannon–Fano coding, Huffman coding, (d-ary compact codes), Lempel-Ziv (LZ) coding, Lossy data compression: Rate distortion theory. UNIT -3 Error Control Coding: Types of codes, error probability with repetition in the binary symmetric channel, parity check bit for error detection, Hamming distance. Linear block codes, syndrome and error detection, standard array and syndrome decoding for error correction, probability of undetected error for linear block codes. Single parity check bit code, repeated codes, Hadamard code, Hamming codes, Reed-Muller codes, dual codes. Cyclic Codes: Encoding and Decoding of cyclic codes. UNIT -4 Burst Error Correction: Block interleaving, generator matrix, code tree, state and trellis diagrams for convolutional codes. Convolutional Coding: Code generation, generator matrix, code tree, state and trellis diagrams for convolutional codes. Decoding Convolutional Codes: using a code tree, decoding in the presence of noise, sequential decoding of Turbo Codes. Learner centric teaching TEXTBOOKS Herbert Taub, Donald Schilling, Goutam Saha, Principle Communication Systems, 4th Edition, Tata-McGraw Hill. Ranjan Bose, Information Theory, Coding & Cryptography, 2nd E Tata-McGraw Hill, 2008. Salvatore Gravano, Introduction to Error Control Codes, 1st E Oxford University Press, 2001 REFERENCES J. Das, S. K. Mullick, P. K. Chatterjee, Principles of Digital Communication John Wiley, 1986. Bernard Sklar, Digital Communications: Fundamental & Application Edition, Pearson Education, 2009.

Name of the Programme:Electronics and Computer EngineeringCourse Code:ECOMP643Title of the Course:Number of Credits:03(L)Effective from AY:2023-24

Pre-	Basic structure of Computers and microcontrollers	
requisites	basic structure of computers and merocontrollers	
for the		
Course:		
Course	The subject aims to provide the student with:	
Objectives:	1 The ability to understand the architecture of APM7TDMI process	or and
Objectives.	its internal functioning	
	2 An in death understanding about instruction set and assembly	
	2. All in-depth understanding about instruction set and assembly	/ IEVEI
	2 An understanding of how concessors are interfaced with APM co	ro and
	the VER coprocessor implementation in particular	re anu
	A An understanding of the datails of AMPA bus, saches and M	omony
	4. All understanding of the details of Alvida bus, caches and w	entory
Course	Upon completion of the course, students will be able to	
Outcomes:	ECOMP643.1 Describe the architecture of the ARM7TDMI process	sor.
	ECOMP643.2 Write embedded software using ARM7TDMI assem	olv
	instructions	519
	Instructions.	
	ECOMP643.3 Describe Vector floating point processors and its	
	interface with ARM	
	ECOMP643.4 Explain AMBA bus, Caches , memory management	
	and exception handling in Arm.	
Content:	UNIT- 1	
	 ARM architecture and Processor fundamentals: Types of computer Architectures, ISA's and ARM History, RISC and ARM Design, architectural inheritance, ARM Programmer's model, memory system, memory formats and data types, ARM core data flow model, Processor modes, registers: General purpose and Program status, flags, Overview of Endianness, unaligned access support. Pipelines: ARM 3 and 5 stage Pipeline, hazards, efficiency, ARM family attribute comparison. Exceptions, interrupts and vector table, Core extensions, Jazelle extension ARM Development tools.ARM7TDMI block, core and functional diagrams, memory interface, bus Interface signals and bus cycle types. 	

	UNIT-2	
	ARM7TDMI assembly instructions and modes: Conditional execution, addressing modes: data processing operands, memory access operands, Load and store operands, Stack operations, Shift Operations. ARM Instruction set: Branch, data processing, comparison, SIMD, Multiply, miscellaneous data processing, status register transfer, load store, coprocessor, exception-generating instructions. Elementary assembly level programs. Thumb state: Thumb Programmers model, Thumb exceptions, Implementation and applications. Thumb Instruction set in brief.	12 Hrs.
	Exception handling: ARM processor exceptions and modes, vector table, exception priorities, link offset registers. Interrupt handling: Assigning interrupts, interrupt latency, IRQ and FIQ exceptions, basic interrupt stack design, Interrupt handling schemes: non-nested, nested, reentrant and prioritized simple interrupt handler. ARM7TDMI Exception and abort model, instructions to improve exception handling. Caches: Memory hierarchy and cache memory, caches and memory management units, basic architecture of cache memory, set associativity. Relationship between cache and main memory, Cache policy.	11 Hrs.
	UNIT -4	
	 ARM Coprocessor Interface: Coprocessor availability, interface signals, handshaking, connecting coprocessors. Vector Floating Point Processor (VFP) architecture: Overview, floating point model, registers, floating-point exceptions, compliance with IEEE 754 standard, VFP and ARM interactions. Advanced Microcontroller Bus Architecture (AMBA): Overview, Typical AMBA Based Microcontroller, AHB bus features, components, bus interconnection, AHB Bus transfers, APB bus transfers, APB Bridge 	11 Hrs
Pedagogy:	Learner centric teaching	
References/ Readings:	 TEXTBOOKS Andrew N. Sloss, Dominic Symes, Chris Wright, ARM System Deve Guide, Designing and Optimizing System Software, 1st Edition, Elser Steve Furber. ARM System-on-Chip Architecture, 2nd Edition, Pearso REFERENCES ARM7TDMI-S Technical Reference Manual, ARM Inc. 	lopers vier on

Name of the Programme:Electronics and Computer EngineeringCourse Code:ECOMP644Title of the Course:Mobile CommunicationNumber of Credits:03(L)Effective from AY:2023-24

Pre-	Nil		
requisites			
for the			
Course:			
Course	The subject aims	to provide the student with:	
Objectives:	1. An understa	anding of the cell theory and the different types of hand	offs.
	2. An ability	to calculate the Co-channel Interference reduction f	factor,
	received po	ower at the mobile using the different types of propag	gation
	models, pa	rameters of the mobile multipath channels and classi	fy the
	different ty	pes of fading channels.	
	3. An underst	anding of the different types of equalization and div	/ersity
	techniques.		
	4. An unders	tanding of the GSM and CDMA standards for r	nobile
	communica	tion.	
Course	Upon completion	of the course, students will be able to	
Outcomes:	ECOMP644.	Explain the operation and propagation mechanisms of	а
	1	cellular communication system.	
	ECOMP644.	Analyse and quantify the effect of interference, multi-	bath
	2	propagation on the operation of a cellular communicat	ion
		system.	
	ECOMP644.	Explain, analyse and evaluate the methods to overcom	e
	3	fading in cellular communication systems.	
	ECOMP644.	Explain and analyse the architecture and performance	of
	4	cellular networks based on GSM and CDMA standards.	
Content:		UNIT- 1	
	Wireless transn	nission terminology: Frequencies for the radio	12
	transmission, sig	nals, Antennas, Signal propagation, path loss of radio	Hrs.
	signals, multiplex	ing, modulation, spread spectrum.	
	The Cellular Con	cept: Introduction. Block diagram of Cellular System.	
	Concept of Frequ	ency Reuse. Hexagonal shaped cells.	
	Handoff Strategi	ies: Handoffs Types of handoff handoff initiation	
	delaying handoff	forced handoff Power Difference Handoffs Mohile	
	aciaying handon	f (MAHO) and Soft Handoff Colleito Handoff	
	Intorsystem Hand	loff	
	Co channel Inter	rforance: Cochannel Interference Reduction Easter	
	Desired C/I for a	nerence. Cochamer interference Reduction Factor,	
		tormal case in an Oniniur ectional Antenna System.	
		ropagation, Large -Scale Path Loss: Introduction to	
	Radio Wave Pro	pagation, Free Space Propagation Model, The Three	

	Basic Propagation Mechanisms	
	UNIT-2	
	 Small -Scale Fading and Multipath: Small- Scale Multipath Propagation, Impulse Response Model of a Multipath Channel:Relationship between bandwidth and received power. Mobile Multipath channels: Parameters of Mobile Multipath Channels, Types of Small -Scale Fading, Rayleigh and Ricean Distribution. 	11 Hrs.
	UNIT -3	
	Equalization : Introduction, Fundamentals of Equalization, Training A Generic Adaptive Equalizer, Equalizers in a communications Receiver, Linear Equalizers, Nonlinear Equalization	11 Hrs.
	Diversity Techniques: Practical Space Diversity Considerations	
	UNIT -4	
	 Global System for Mobile Communication (GSM): GSM Services and Features, GSM System Architecture, GSM Radio Subsystem, GSM Channel Types, Example of a GSM Call, Frame Structure for GSM. Code Division Multiple Access (CDMA): CDMA Digital Cellular Standard (IS-95): Frequency and Channel Specifications, Forward CDMA Channel, Reverse CDMA Channel. 	11 Hrs
Pedagogy:	Learner centric teaching	
References/ Readings:	 TEXTBOOKS Theodore Rappaport; Wireless Communication : Principles and Practice, 2nd Ed.; Pearson Education. William Lee; Mobile Cellular Telecommunications; 2nd edition McGraw Hill. REFERENCES David Tse and Pramod Vishwanathan; Fundamentals of Wireless Communications; Cambridge University Press. Jochen Schiller; Mobile Communications 2nd Edition; Addison West 	n,Tata

Name of the Programme:Electronics and Computer EngineeringCourse Code:ECOMP645Title of the Course:Number of Credits:03(L)Effective from AY:2023-24

Pre-	Nil		
requisites			
for the			
Course:			
Course	The subject ai	ms to provide the student with:	
Objectives:	1. An unde	erstanding of all the subsystems and components of a robo	t.
	2. An abilit	y to select appropriate sensors, actuators and end effector	ors for
	robots	, , , ,	
	3. An abili [.]	ty to analyze the kinematics and motion planning of r	obotic
	systems		
	4. An unde	rstanding of control strategies employed in robot platform	S
Course	Upon complet	ion of the course, students will be able to	
Outcomes:	ECOMP6	Explain working principle behind various types of actuation	n
		systems and sensors different robot architectures and	
	45.1	applications and control techniques used in robotic system	ns
	ECOMP6	Evaluate appropriate end effectors, sensors and motion	
	45.2	strategies for given robotic application	
	ECOMP6	Solve problems related to robot specifications, actuators,	robot
	45.3	kinematics and control.	
	ECOMP6	Propose robotic solutions for a given application	
	45.4		
Content:		UNIT- 1	
			-
	Basic Concep	ts in (Fundamentals of) robotics: Automation and	12
	robotics, Robo	ot applications.	Hrs.
	Different clas	ssifications of robot: By application, by coordinate	
	system, by ac	tuation system, by control method and by programming	
	method.		
	Robot anator	ny: links and joints, Joint notation scheme. Degree of	
	Freedom. Rol	pot resolution, accuracy and repeatability. Concept of	
	workspace.		
	Drive system	s: Pneumatic and hydraulic systems. Electric: Relation	
	between tord	ue and voltage. AC and DC Servo motors, Stepper	
	motors, BLDC	motors. Electronic control of motors.	
	Robot End Eff	ectors: Grippers and Tools.	
		UNIT-2	

	Kinematics: Coordinate frames, mapping and transforms, description	11	
	of objects in space, transformation of vectors, fundamental rotation		
	matrices,		
	Direct Kinematic model: Kinematic modelling of manipulator		
	Inverse Kinematics: Solvability of inverse kinematic		
	models, solution techniques, closed form solution		
	Trajectory planning: Definitions and planning tasks, joint space		
	techniques, cartesian space techniques, joint space v/s cartesian space.		
	UNIT -3		
	Manipulator Dynamics: Determination of Robotic Joint Torques,	11	
	Langrage- Euler formulation two approaches, Example with 2 link	Hrs.	
	Manipulator.		
	Control Scheme: Partitioned control Scheme.		
	Analysis of wheeled robots and Biped robots: Introduction,		
	Staircase Ascending (SSP), Power Consumption, Dynamic		
	Balances.		
	Sensors: Characteristics of a sensor, Classification of Sensors, Touch		
	sensors, Position Sensors: Potentiometer, LVDT, Optical Encoders,		
	Force/Moment sensors, Range Sensor, Proximity Sensors- Inductive		
	sensor, capacitive sensor, Hall effect sensor, Passive Sensor:RCC		
	UNIT -4		
	Machine Vision: Introduction, Sensing & amp; Digitizing function,	11	
	Imagingdevices, Lightingtechniques, Image storage, Image processing	Hrs	
	and analysis, Image Data reduction, Segmentation, Feature extraction,	•	
	Object recognition, Training the vision system, Robotic applications.		
	Motion planning: Gross/Free Space Motion Planning		
	Find path problems using: Visibility Graph, Voronoi diagram, Cell		
	Decomposition, Tangent-Graph Technique.		
	Dynamic Motion Planning Problems: Path Velocity		
	Decomposition, Accessibility Graph, Relative velocity scheme,		
	Incremental planning, Artificial Potential field approach, reactive		
	control scheme.		
Pedagogy:	Learner centric teaching		
References/	TEXTBOOKS		
Readings:	1. S. K. Sana, Introduction to Robotics, 2nd Edition, McGrawHill	h	
	2. M. P. Groover, M. Weiss, R. N. Nagel, N. G. Odrey, Industrial Ro	DOTICS	
	rechnology: programming and Applications, McGrawHill, 1986.		
	1 Deter Corke Debetics Vision and Control Springer		
	1. Feter Corke, Robotics vision and Control McCrow-Lill		
	2. Willard Wagiali, NUDULLS dilu CUILIU, WILGIdWAIII 2. John I. Craig Introduction to Pohotics Machanics & Control De	arcon	
	Education Inc	ai 2011	
	A Roland Siegwart Illah R Nourbakhsh - Introduction to Autono	mour	
	Mohile Robots MIT Press 2nd Edition		

Name of the Programme:Electronics and Computer EngineeringCourse Code:ECOMP650Title of the Course:VLSI Design LabNumber of Credits:01Effective from AY:2023-24

Pre-	Digital System design
requisites	
for the	
Course:	
Course	The subject aims to provide the student with
Objectives:	1. An ability to understand SPICE programming.
-	2. An ability to understand Verilog programming.
	3. An ability to Draw Layouts for combinational circuits.
	4. An understanding of designing using FPGAs.
Course	Upon completion of the course, students will be able to
Outcomes:	ECOMP650. Simulate combinational circuits using Verilog HDL
	ECOMP650. Implement digital circuits using FPGAs
	2
	ECOMP650. Implement and verify Layouts for combinational circuits
	3
	ECOMP650. Model MOSFET circuits using SPICE.
	4
Content:	List of Experiments
	Note: At least 10 experiments should be conducted from the following list of
	experiments
	1. SPICE program for NMOS and PMOS Characteristics. 30HRS
	2. SPICE program for channel length modulation in MOSFET
	3. SPICE program for CMOS Inverter VTC.
	4. SPICE program for Transmission Gate.
	5. Verilog programs for Combinational circuits. Verify with Test
	benches
	6. Verilog programs for sequential circuits. Verify with Test
	benches
	7. Layout for Inverter and parameter extraction in SPICE.
	8. Layout for NAND & NOR and parameter extraction in SPICE.
	9. Layout for XOR & XNOR and parameter extraction in SPICE.
	10. Layout for Boolean function and parameter extraction in SPICE.
	11. Layout for 2x1 MUX in Transmission Gates.
	12. Sequential/ Combinational circuit design using FPGA
Pedagogy:	Learner centric teaching, Team work and collaboration

References/ Readings:	 W. Roberts, Adel S. Sedra, SPICE (The Oxford Series in Electrical and Computer Engineering) Paperback-Gordon 	
	 S. Palnitkar, Verilog HDL: A Guide to Digital Design and Synthesis, Prentice Hall 	

Name of the Programme:Electronics and Computer EngineeringCourse Code:ECOMP660Title of the Course:Computer Networks LabNumber of Credits:01Effective from AY:2023-24

D	A111
Pre-	NI
requisites	
for the	
Course:	
Course	The subject aims to provide the student with:
Objectives:	1. An understanding of the various line coding schemes in communication
	networks.
	2. An understanding of the working principle of various communication
	protocols with respect to the OSI model.
	3. Analysis of the various data communication algorithms.
	4. An understanding of the concept of data transfer between nodes in a
	network.
Course	Upon completion of the course, students will be able to
Outcomes:	ECOMP660.1 Implement line coding techniques for computer
	networks
	ECOMP660.2 Implement various topologies in a computer network
	ECOMP660.3 Analyze various data communication protocols
	ECOMP660.4 Configure networking devices to set up communication
	between the same.
Content:	List of Experiments 30
	A minimum of 10 experiments to be conducted from the following list: HRS
	1. Implement Unipolar NRZ & NRZ-L and NRZ-I encoding techniques
	using software like MATLAB/Octave.
	2. Implement RZ and Biphase (Manchester and Differential
	Manchester) encoding techniques using software like
	MATLAB/Octave.
	3. Implement Bipolar encoding schemes (AMI, Pseudoternary) using
	software like MATLAB/Octave.
	4. Implement Multilevel Encoding Schemes (2BIQ, 8B6T) using
	software like MATLAB/Octave.
	5. Implement Scrambling Techniques (B8ZS and HDB3) using
	software like MATLAB/Octave.
	6. Create, name a VLAN using switch and to transfer range of ports
	at a time to verify its functionality and delete the VLAN using
	Hardware/ software like Network Simulator/ Cisco Packet Tracer
	7. Connect two switches to increase the number of ports in a VLAN
	by trunking using Hardware/ software like Network Simulator/
	Cisco Packet Tracer.
	8. Set up a network to exchange data between two PC's working on
	different networks using Hardware/ software like Network

	Simulator/ Cisco Packet Tracer.	
	9. To build and configure a network using Static Routing using	
	Hardware/ software like Network Simulator/ Cisco Packet Tracer.	
	10. To build and configure a network using Default routing using	
	Hardware/ software like Network Simulator/ Cisco Packet Tracer	
	11. Set up a network to study various Topologies in a Computer	
	Network using software like Network Simulator/ Cisco Packet	
	Tracer.	
	12. Study of various Data communication protocols (Eg. ICMP, ARP,	
	UDP, HTTP) using LAN trainer kit/actual setup/ software like	
	Network Simulator/ Cisco Packet Tracer.	
	13. To build and configure a network using static IPv6 routing using	
	Cisco Packet Tracer Software/Hardware.	
	14. To implement telnetting in networking devices using Cisco Packet	
	Tracer Software/Hardware.	
Pedagogy:	Learner centric teaching, Team work and collaboration	
References/	TEXTBOOKS:	
Readings:	1. Andrew S. Tanenbaum ,Computer Networks, 4th Edition, Prentice)
	Hall,2003	

Name of the Programme:Electronics and Computer EngineeringCourse Code:HM006Title of the Course:Cyber Law and IPRNumber of Credits:03(L)Effective from AY:2023-24

Pre-	Nil	
requisites		
for the		
Course:		
Course	The course aims to provide the student with:	
Objectives:	1. An introduction to understanding the concept of cybercrime and	the
	laws that deal with it.	
	2. An understanding of the legal issues related to defamation, harassm	nent
	and Email abuse	
	3. An awareness regrading various aspects of copyright infringement.	
	4. An understanding of the fundamental aspects of Intellectual prop	erty
	Rights(IPR) and their role in development and management of innova	tive
	projects in industries.	
	5. An ability disseminate knowledge on copyrights, its related rights	and
	registration aspects	
	6. An understanding of the issues related to trademarks and registra	tion
	aspects of patents	
Course	Upon completion of the course, students will be able to	
Outcomes:	1. HM006.1: Describe and analyze cyber crime and underst	and
	jurisdictional aspects of cyber law.	
	2. HM006.2: Explain the concept of copyright, protection , computer pi	racy
	and relevant laws to deal with aspects related to infringement on	the
	issues	
	3. HM006.3: Explain the concept of Intellectual Property rights , princi	ples
	of enforcement and methods of protection	
	4. HM006.4: Describe to the concept of patents and legal issues related	d to
	enforcement of Intellectual Property Rights	
Content:	UNIT- 1	
	Power of Arrest without Warrant under the IT Act. 2000: A Critique: 1	2
	Section 80 of the IT Act 2000, Forgetting the line between Cognizable	lrs.
	and NonCognizable Offences, Necessity of Arrest without warrant from	
	any place, public or otherwise. Cyber Crime and Criminal Justice:	
	Concept of Cyber Crime and the IT Act 2000, Hacking, Teenage web	
	vandals, Cyber fraud and cyber cheating. Virus on the Internet.	
	Defamation, harassment and E-mail abuse, Monetary penalties,	
	adjudication and appeals under IT Act 2000, Nature of cyber criminality,	
	strategies to tackle cyber crime and trends, Criminal justice in India and	
	Implications on Cyber crime.	
	Contracts in the Infotech World: Contracts in the Infotech world, Click-	
	wrap and Shrink-wrap contracts, Contract formation under the Indian	

Contract Act 1872, Contract formation on the Internet, Terms and Conditions of Contracts, Software product license. Jurisdiction in the Cyber World: Civil law of Jurisdiction in India, Cause of action, Jurisdiction and the Information Technology Act 2000, Place of cause of action in contractual and IPR disputes, Exclusion clauses in Contracts, Abuse of exclusion clauses.	
UNIT-2	
Battling Cyber Squatters and Copyright Protection in the Cyber World: Concept of Domain name and reply to Cyber Squatters, Battle between freedom and control on the internet, Works in which copyright subsists and meaning of Copyright, Copyright Ownership and Assignment, License of Copyright, Copyright term and respect for foreign works, Copyright Infringement, Remedies and Offences, Copyright protection of content on the Internet, Copyright notice, disclaimer and acknowledgment, Napster and its Cousins, Computer Software Piracy. Digital signatures, Digital Signature Certificate, Certifying Authorities and Liability in the Event of Digital Signature Compromise, E- Governance in India. The Indian Evidence Act of 1872 v/s Information Technology Act, 2000: Status of Electronic Records as Evidence, Proof and Management of Electronic Records, Proving Digital Signature, Proof of Electronic Agreements, Proving Electronic Messages, Other Amendments in the Indian Evidence Act by the IT Act	11 Hrs.
UNIT -3	
Intellectual Property: Introduction, Protection of Intellectual Property — Copyright, Related Rights, Patents, Industrial Designs, Trademark, Unfair Competition Information Technology Related Intellectual Property Rights Computer Software and Intellectual Property — Objective, Copyright Protection, Reproducing, Defences, Patent Protection. Database and Data Protection-Objective, Need for Protection, UK Data Protection Act, 1998, US Safe Harbor Principle, Enforcement. Protection of Semiconductor ChipsObjectives Justification of Protection, Criteria, Subject Matter of Protection, WIPO Treaty, TRIPs, SCPA. Domain Name Protection-Objectives, Domain Name and Intellectual Property, Registration of Domain Names, Disputes under Intellectual Property Rights, Jurisdictional Issues, and International Perspective.	11 Hrs.

	Patents (Ownership and Enforcement of Intellectual Property)	11
	Patents - Objectives, Rights, Assignments, Defences in Case of	Hrs
	Infringement CopyrightObjectives, Rights, Transfer of Copyright,	
	Work of Employment Infringement, Defences for Infringement,	
	Trademarks - Objectives, Rights, Protection of good will,	
	Infringement, Passing off, Defences. Designs - Objectives, Rights,	
	Assignments, Infringements, Defences of Design Infringement.	
	Enforcement of Intellectual Property Rights - Civil Remedies,	
	Criminal Remedies, Border Security Measures. Practical Aspects	
	of Licencing - Benefits, Determinative Factors, Important	
	Clauses, Licensing Clauses.	
Pedagogy:	Learner centric teaching	
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Readings:	1. Vivek Sood, Cyber Law Simplified, Tata McGraw-Hill	
	2. Nithyananda, K V. Intellectual Property Rights: Protection	and
	Management. India, Cengage Learning India Private Limited(2019).	
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	Marks & Allied Rights", London Sweet & Maxwell.	
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